

THIS FILING LETTER <u>DOES NOT</u> CONTAIN ANY PRIVILEGED OR CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION. REPORT SECTIONS II AND III <u>DO NOT</u> CONTAIN ANY PRIVILEGED OR CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION. THE BODY OF REPORT SECTION I, AND ATTACHMENT I, and ATTACHMENTS IV - VI <u>DO NOT</u> CONTAIN ANY PRIVILEGED OR CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION. ATTACHMENT II AND III CONTAIN PRIVILEGED AND CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION, AND ARE CLEARLY MARKED.

December 19, 2014

Kimberly D. Bose, Secretary Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 888 First Street, N.E. Washington, D.C. 20426

Re: Annual Report in Docket Nos. ER01-3001-000, ER03-647-000 and

Request for Privileged Treatment of Attachments II and III

Dear Ms. Bose:

Enclosed for filing in the above-referenced dockets is the New York Independent System Operator's ("NYISO's") Annual Installed Capacity Report on the NYISO's Capacity Market, Possible Withholding, New Generation Projects, and Net Revenue Analysis (the "Report"). By Order dated February 3, 2010, the Commission directed the NYISO to file this report for informational purposes only.

#### I. List of Documents Submitted

The NYISO submits with this letter, and the below request for confidential treatment, a public version of the Report, with Attachment II and III redacted. Separately, the NYISO is submitting as confidential Attachments II and III.

As with prior annual Installed Capacity Reports, the Report is comprised of the following separate sections: Section I: Capacity Market Report and Withholding Analysis, Section II: Report on New Generation Projects, and Section III: New Generation Projects and Net Revenue Analysis.

#### II. Request for Confidential Treatment of Attachments II and III

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> New York Independent System Operator, Inc., 117 FERC ¶ 61,086 (2006); New York Independent System Operator, Inc., 103 FERC ¶ 61,201 (2003), 108 FERC ¶ 61,280 (2004), 121 FERC ¶ 61,090 (2007), 123 FERC ¶ 61,206 (2008). In Docket ER03-647, the NYISO files an annual report regarding its Demand Side Management programs on January 15, and a semi-annual report on its Demand Side Management programs and new generation projects on June 15 each year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> New York Independent System Operator, Inc., Order, Docket Nos. ER01-3001 and ER03-647 (Feb. 3, 2010).

Kimberly D. Bose, Secretary December 19, 2014 Page 2

In accordance with Sections 388.107 and 388.112 of the Commission's Regulations,<sup>3</sup> Article 6 of the NYISO's Market Administration and Control Area Services Tariff, Sections 1.0(4) and 4.0 of the NYISO's Code of Conduct, the NYISO requests Privileged and Confidential treatment of the contents of Attachments II and III (the "Confidential Attachments"). The NYISO also requests that the Confidential Attachments be exempted from public disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. §522.<sup>4</sup>

The Confidential Attachments contain privileged and commercially sensitive, and trade secret information that is not made public by the NYISO and that could cause competitive harm to the affected Market Participants,<sup>5</sup> and could adversely affect competition in the markets administered by the NYISO, if publicly disclosed. This information includes the identity of Installed Capacity Suppliers and their respective offering behavior, and the basis therefor. This confidential, commercially sensitive information, is exempt from disclosure under 5 U.S.C. §522(b)(4). For this reason, the NYISO requests that the contents of Confidential Attachments receive Privileged and Confidential treatment and be exempt from FOIA disclosure.

A redacted, public version of the contents of Attachment II is included in the Report as Attachment I.

The NYISO requests waiver of any obligation it may have under the Commission's regulations or the Secretary's rules to submit a redacted version of Attachment III. The NYISO incorporated into the body of Report Section I a masked or aggregated version of the information that is contained in Attachment III and thereby makes publicly available the information contained in Attachment III that is not confidential and commercially sensitive. In that regard, the NYISO has provided a redacted version of the information contained in Attachment III within the body of the report.

Attachments II and III are identified and marked in accordance with the Commission's regulations and rules published by the Secretary's Office for submitting Privileged information.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 18 C.F.R. §§ 388.107, 388.112 (2012).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The information provided by the NYISO for which the NYISO claims an exemption from FOIA disclosure is labeled "Contains Privileged Information – Do Not Release."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Terms with initial capitalization not defined herein have the meaning set forth in the NYISO's Market Administration and Control Area Services Tariff.

#### III. Correspondence

Copies of correspondence concerning this filing should be addressed to:

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Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Gloria Kavanah

Gloria Kavanah Counsel for New York Independent System Operator, Inc.

cc: Michael Bardee
Gregory Berson
Anna Cochrane
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Morris Margolis
David Morenoff
Daniel Nowak
Jamie Simler

<sup>\*</sup> persons designated to receive service.

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that I have this day served the foregoing document upon each person designated on the official service list compiled by the Secretary in this proceeding in accordance with the requirements of Rule 2010 of the Rules of Practice and Procedure, 18 C.F.R. §385.2010 (2012). I have also electronically served the foregoing on all market participants, on each participant in its stakeholder committees, on the New York State Public Service Commission, and on the electric utility regulatory agency of New Jersey.

Dated at Rensselaer, NY this 19<sup>th</sup> day of December 2014.

/s/ Joy A. Zimberlin

Joy A. Zimberlin New York Independent System Operator, Inc. 10 Krey Blvd. Rensselaer, NY 12144 (518) 356-6207



# **2014 Annual Installed Capacity Report**

Report on the NYISO's Capacity Market, Possible Withholding, New Generation Projects, and Net Revenue Analysis

**December 19, 2014** 

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#### I.1. Capacity Market Report

#### I.2. Overview

This report (the "December 2014 Report") reviews the outcomes of the Installed Capacity ("ICAP") market administered by the New York Independent System Operator ("NYISO"); assesses the effectiveness of the ICAP Demand Curves¹ ("Demand Curves") in attracting investment in new generation; and examines potential withholding activity in the NYISO-administered Capacity auctions for the New York Control Area ("NYCA") by its three Localities, New York City ("NYC"), G-J Locality ("G-J"), and Long Island ("LI"), and the remaining area that comprises the NYCA, Rest of State ("ROS") (referred to as "capacity areas").² The December 2014 Report covers the Winter 2013-2014 and Summer 2014 Capability Periods, which span from November 2013 through October 2014. Similar NYISO reports filed in previous years cover earlier periods.

Capacity prices during the Winter 2013-2014 Capability Period were higher, on average, than those of the previous Winter Capability Period. The average ICAP Spot Market Auction prices over the Winter 2013-2014 Capability Period were \$3.10/kW-month, \$9.73/kW-month, and \$3.35/kW-month, for NYCA, NYC, and LI, respectively. These prices compare with \$1.99/kW-month, \$4.65/kW-month, and \$1.99/kW-month during the previous winter. The G-J Locality was implemented starting with Summer 2014, therefore there are no Winter 2013-2014 capacity prices for this Locality.

Capacity prices during the Summer 2014 Capability Period were higher in NYC and NYCA than those of the previous Summer Capability Period, while slightly lower in LI. The average Spot Market Auction prices over the Summer 2014 Capability Period were \$5.96/kW-month, \$18.51/kW-month, and \$6.51/kW-month, for NYCA, NYC, and LI, respectively. These prices compare with \$5.80/kW-month, \$16.07/kW-month, and \$7.13/kW-month during the previous Summer Capability Period. The average Spot Market Auction price for Summer 2014 in G-J Locality was \$12.16/kW-month, and there were no Summer 2013 prices for this Locality.

The average Spot Market Auction prices for Summer 2014 were higher than the Summer 2013 average by \$0.16/kW-month in NYCA; \$2.44/kW-month in NYC; and lower by \$0.62/kW-month in Long Island. The changes were driven primarily by the implementation of the ICAP Demand Curve for G-J Locality, and changes in the respective Locational Minimum Installed Capacity Requirements, as well as by the reduction in available capacity compared to the load forecast throughout NYCA. These dynamics are depicted in Chart 1.

For the Winter 2013-2014 and Summer 2014 Capability Periods, there was minimal change in the proportion of Load Serving Entity ("LSE") Capacity requirements met through

<sup>1</sup> Terms in upper case not defined herein shall have the meaning set forth in the NYISO's Market Administration and Control Area Services Tariff ("Services Tariff"), with the exception of Rest of State ("ROS") when such term refers to any period before the Summer 2014 Capability Period. Consistent with the Services Tariff revision to establish the G-J Locality beginning with the Summer 2014 Capability Period and change the definition of Rest of State accordingly, when ROS refers to Winter 2013-2014 or any prior period, it means Load Zones A through I. Any other terms not so defined have the meaning set forth in the Open Access Transmission Tariff ("OATT").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The NYISO administers four Capacity auctions: NYCA, New York City, Long Island and G-J. References in this report to the Rest of State are to the geographic area within the NYCA that excludes the New York City, Long Island and G-J Localities.

purchases in the NYISO-administered capacity auctions versus bilateral transactions when compared to previous Capability Periods. In the Winter 2013-2014 Capability Period, 46.84% of LSE Capacity requirements were met through bilateral transactions in Unforced Capacity ("UCAP") terms (42.65% in the previous Winter Capability Period), while the remaining LSE requirements were met through purchases in the NYISO-administered auctions. Similarly, in the Summer 2014 Capability Period, 44.1% (48.65% in Summer 2013) of LSE capability requirements were met through bilateral transactions, while the remaining LSE requirements were satisfied through purchases made in the NYISO-administered auctions.

The seasonal average quantities of unoffered capacity constituted less than 1.1% of available supply in the NYC, LI, and G-J Locality (see Chart 10). The seasonal average quantities of unsold capacity (*i.e.*, capacity that was offered but went unsold) was below 0.05% for each of the three Localities (see Chart 11).<sup>3</sup> Total unsold and unoffered capacity quantities from ROS resources were approximately 1.1% in the Winter 2013-2014, and 0.6% in Summer 2014. The UCAP offered and purchased in NYCA and each of the three Localities exceeded the Locational Minimum Installed Capacity Requirements ("LCRs"); therefore, prices were below the base reference point on the respective ICAP Demand Curves.

Overall, the Market-Clearing Prices in the ICAP Spot Market Auctions support the conclusion that the ICAP Spot Market Auctions continue to be attractive to Installed Capacity Suppliers. Previously the NYISO stated that it was difficult to correlate the effect of the ICAP Demand Curves on the level of investment in the NYCA, partially because in the past NYC has had capacity in excess of the LCR, and partially due to the lead-time required to site, develop, and construct a new generator. The ICAP Demand Curves provide transparent capacity market price signals that developers consider in their projections of anticipated future revenues when making near-term investment decisions. Since the creation of the new G-J Locality and implementation of the ICAP Demand Curve for it, there has been investment in new and existing resources, e.g., return to service of the Danskammer Generating Station and the potential restoration of Bowline Unit 2 to its full capacity.

The NYISO continues to monitor potential reliability risks and other issues that may affect the reliability outlook for New York's bulk electric system. The *2012 Comprehensive Reliability Plan* ("CRP"), produced by the NYISO, identified potential system reliability risks and transmission security deficiencies starting in year 2013 and resource adequacy needs starting in year 2021.<sup>4</sup> On September 16, 2014, the NYISO Board of Directors approved the 2014 Reliability Needs Assessment ("RNA") Report,<sup>5</sup> which is the first step in preparing the *2014 Comprehensive Reliability Plan*. Similar to the 2012 RNA, NYISO's 2014 Reliability Needs Assessment<sup>6</sup> key findings identified transmission security needs starting in 2015 in portions of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section I.5 of this report provides information and analysis of the unoffered and unsold capacity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See New York Independent System Operator. "2013 Comprehensive Reliability Plan" issued March 19, 2014, available at:

<sup>&</sup>lt;a href="http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/markets\_operations/services/planning/Planning\_Studies/Reliability\_Planning\_Studies/Reliability\_Assessment\_Documents/2012\_Comprehensive\_Reliability\_Plan\_Final\_Report.pdf">http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/markets\_operations/services/planning\_Studies/Reliability\_Planning\_Studies/Reliabilit

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The 2014 RNA is available at <a href="http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/markets\_operations/services/planning/Planning\_Studies/Reliability\_Planning\_Studies/Reliability\_Assessment\_Documents/2014 RNA\_final\_09162014.pdf">http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/markets\_operations/services/planning/Planning\_Studies/Reliability\_Planning\_Studies/Reliability\_Assessment\_Documents/2014 RNA\_final\_09162014.pdf</a>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See "2014 Reliability Needs Assessment" issued\ September 2014, available at: <a href="http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/markets\_operations/services/planning/Planning\_Studies/Reliability\_Planning\_Studies/Reliability\_Assessment\_Documents/2014RNA\_publicsession\_Sep26.pdf>.

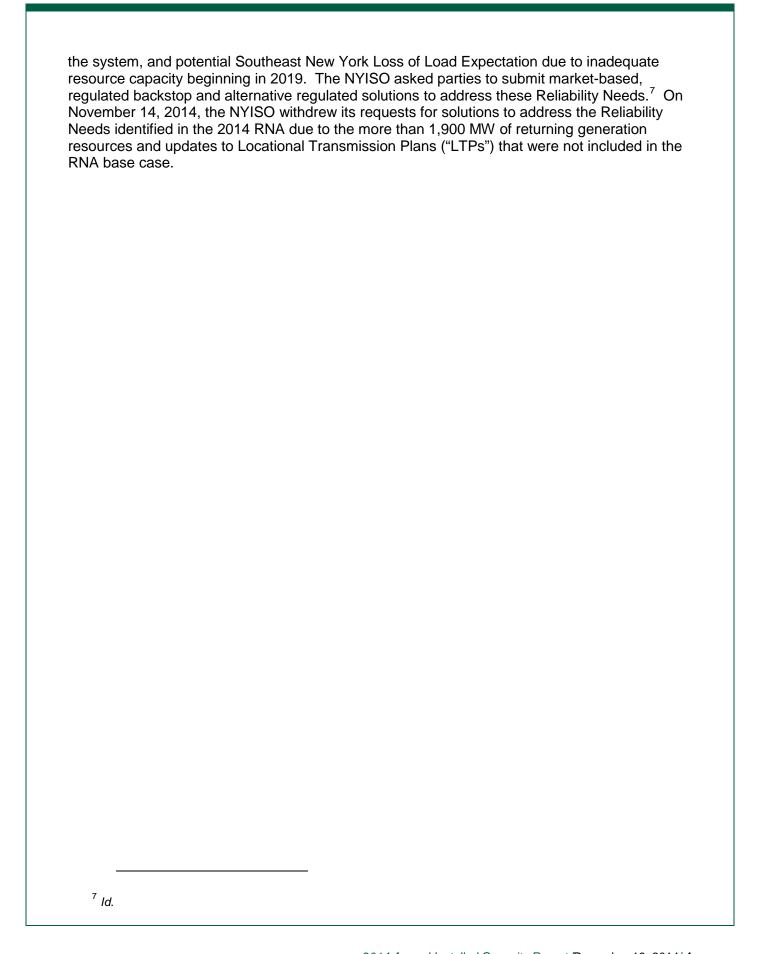
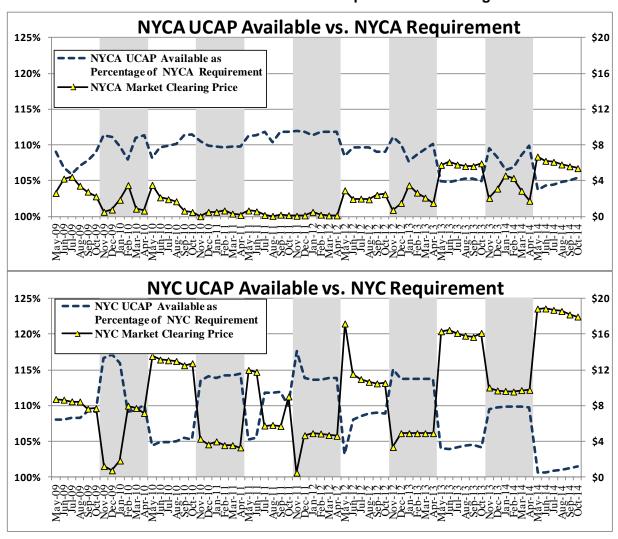
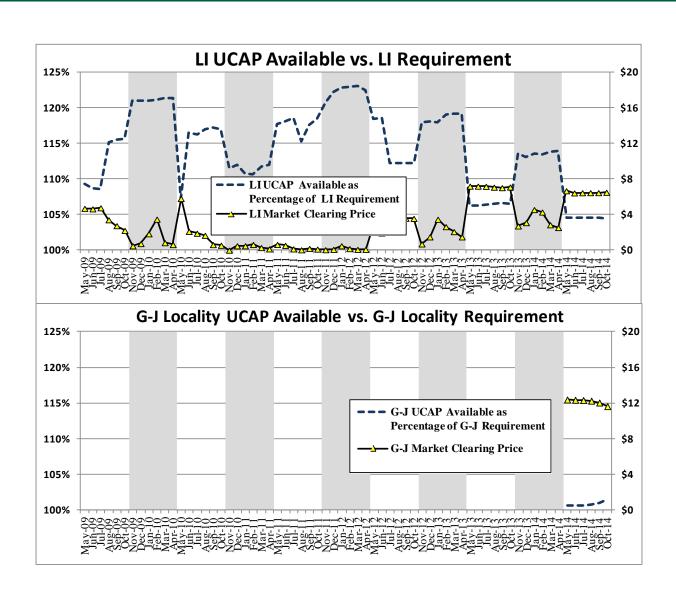


Chart 1: UCAP Available Reserve and Spot Market Clearing Prices





#### I.3. Market Design and Regulatory Developments

Over the past year there have been several ICAP market design initiatives and regulatory developments pertaining to the NYISO's Installed Capacity market. The most significant developments include: (i) the implementation of a new Locality encompassing load zones G, H, I and J ("G-J Locality") beginning with the May 1, 2014 start of the 2014-2015 Capability Year; (ii) the acceptance of ICAP Demand Curves for 2014-2015 through 2016-2017; and (iii) evaluation of modifications to the buyer-side mitigation rules<sup>8</sup> ("BSM rules"), and (iv) a FERC order on outstanding litigation, among other developments described below.

#### I.3.1. G-J Locality

The newly established G-J Locality was implemented, along with buyer-side and supplier-side market power mitigation rules, for the May 1, 2014 start of the 2014-2015 Capability Year. On June 26, 2014, the NYISO filed revisions to the supplier-side market power mitigation rules applicable to the G-J Locality, in compliance with FERC's May 27, 2014 Order. Pursuant to that revision, ICAP Suppliers' control of UCAP in the G-J Locality will include capacity sales in Capability Period or Monthly Auctions. FERC accepted the compliance filing and its proposed effectiveness beginning with the Summer 2015 Capability Period. 10

An issue discussed in the FERC proceeding considering the proposed G-J Locality resulted in FERC conducting a Technical Conference on February 26, 2014 on whether or not to model Load Zone K as an export-constrained zone for future year ICAP Demand Curve reset proceedings. Parties filed post-Technical Conference comments and the Commission issued an Order on comments after the conference. On November 25, 2016, FERC issued an order directing the NYISO to work with its stakeholders "to explore whether a proposal can be developed that could reduce the cost of procuring capacity while meeting the NYISO LOLE objective" and file a report by June 1, 2015. 12

#### I.3.2. Demand Curve Reset

In accordance with the Section 5.14.1.2 of the Services Tariff, the NYISO's Demand Curve independent consultant studied and proposed the parameters for ICAP Demand Curves for the NYCA and NYC, LI, and G-J Localities. The NYISO made its triennial filing on November 29, 2013, and on January 28, 2014 FERC issued an ordered accepting the ICAP Demand Curves for the NYCA, NYC, LI and G-J Localities for the 2014-2015 through 2015-2016 Capability Years.<sup>13</sup>

<sup>9</sup> See New York Independent System Operator Inc., 147 FERC ¶ 61,152 (2014).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See Services Tariff Section 23.4.5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> See New York Independent System Operator Inc., Delegated Letter Order (August 5, 2014).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> See New York Independent System Operator, Inc. .FERC Docket No. AD14-6-000.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> See New York Independent System Operator, Inc, 149 FERC ¶ 61,164.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> New York Independent System Operator, Inc., 146 FERC ¶ 61,043 (2014).

## I.3.3. Buyer Side Mitigation

During the period covered by this report, the NYISO proposed various concepts to enhance its BSM rules and work with stakeholders to develop tariff revisions. Those proposals were regarding the application of the BSM rules to existing generators or UDR facilities that are being repowered or that are proposed to replace existing facilities, a renewable generator exemption, a municipal utilities exemption, a self-supply exemption, a reliability exemption, and provisions to address requests for increases in Capacity Resource Interconnection Service ("CRIS") at existing Capacity facilities. The NYISO also proposed and worked with stakeholders to develop a competitive entry exemption for "merchant" facilities, and a proposal to increase the default Offer Floor<sup>14</sup> from 75% of "Mitigation Net CONE"<sup>15</sup> to 90%, both of which were enhancements recommended by the NYISO's Independent Market Monitoring Unit. None of these proposals were approved by Market Participants in the committee process.

On August 3, 2012, Hudson Transmission Partners LLC ("HTP") filed a complaint against the NYISO regarding certain aspects of the NYISO's application of the tests in the BSM rules to its project. 16 On November 21, 2013, FERC issued an order denying the complaint in large part, but granting it with respect to using the HTP project's cost of capital ("November 2013 Order"). On January 16, 2014, the NYISO issued the required redetermination for the HTP project. It concurrently informed its stakeholders that the outcome of the mitigation analysis of the HTP project had not changed, i.e., the HTP project is not exempt from Offer Floor mitigation. The November 2013 Order also required the NYISO to disclose the scaling factor used in the HTP determination, explain how it was calculated, and support the methodology. 17 In addition, the November 2013 Order directed the NYISO to file "proposed tariff provisions to include a detailed description of the methodology that it intends to use in order to project the likely energy and ancillary services revenues for merchant transmission lines."18 The NYISO filed with FERC on February 21, 2014 the specific scaling factor used in the HTP determination and detailed how it was calculated. On February 11, 2014 FERC issued an Order holding in abeyance its November 2013 Order's directive that the NYISO file Scaling Factor tariff revisions until it issued an order on the NYISO's HTP scaling factor filing. 19

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Section 23.4.5.7 of Attachment H of the Services Tariff provides that, unless exempt from mitigation, NYC ICAP suppliers that enter the capacity market must do so at a price no lower than the applicable offer floor. Section 23.2.1 defines "Offer Floor" as the lower of: (1) 75 percent of the net cost of new entry of the peaking unit in NYC that is used to establish the NYC ICAP Demand Curve (which the Commission has referred to as the "Default Offer Floor") or (2) the new entrant's actual net cost of new entry for the specific unit (which the Commission has referred to as the Unit Offer Floor). See Astoria Generating Company, LP et al. vs. New York Independent System Operator, Inc., 139 FERC ¶61,244 at P 2 n. 3 (2012).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Mitigation Net CONE means the capacity price on the currently effective ICAP Demand Curve for the Mitigated Capacity Zone corresponding to the average amount of excess capacity above the Mitigated Capacity Zone Installed Capacity requirement, expressed as a percentage of that requirement, that formed the basis for the ICAP Demand Curve approved by the Commission.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Hudson Transmission Partners, LLC vs. New York Independent System Operator, Inc., Complaint of Hudson Transmission Partners, LLC, Docket No. EL12-98-000 (filed August 3, 2012).

 $<sup>^{17}</sup>$  Hudson Transmission Partners, LLC v. New York Independent System Operator, Inc., 145 FERC ¶ 61,156 at P 90 (2013).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> *Id.* at P 90.

 $<sup>^{19}</sup>$  See Hudson Transmission Partners, LLC v. New York Independent System Operator, Inc., 146 FERC  $\P$  61,082.

On March 7, 2014, the NYISO updated the Buyer-side Mitigation Narrative and Numerical Example, which is posted to its website.<sup>20</sup>

## I.3.4. Other Developments

As discussed in this section, since the 2013 Annual Report period (filed in December 2013), there have been filings with, and orders issued by FERC related to the NYISO Installed Capacity market. There also have been proceedings held by the New York State Department of Public Service (NYSDPS) that could impact the NYISO capacity markets.

The NYISO proposed, and FERC accepted, tariff changes related to the Demand Response Special Case Resources ("SCR") element that is the Average Coincident Load ("ACL").<sup>21</sup>.

The United States United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia ("D.C. Circuit") issued an order vacating and remanding FERC Order No. 745<sup>22</sup> regarding the participation of demand response resources in wholesale markets. <sup>23</sup> The United States Solicitor General has indicated that it will appeal the D. C. Circuit Court's order and has requested an extension until January 15, 2015 to file its appeal with the United States Supreme Court.<sup>24</sup> The NYISO has begun considering potential "stopgap" and long-term market designs that incorporate the benefits of retail demand response in its wholesale markets while addressing the jurisdictional issue, if demand response is determined to be non-FERC jurisdictional.

On July 28, 2014, the NYISO filed tariff amendments with FERC to: (i) clarify market rules surrounding outage states; (ii) provide that generators on outage respond to reliability needs, either by returning to service or by making their interconnection points available while they remain on outage; and (iii) establish a new EFORd calculation for units returning to service from an outage. 25 At the time this 2014 Report was prepared, the July 28 filing remains pending before FERC.

On September 17, 2014, FERC issued a notice of a joint technical conference with the New York State Public Service Commission to discuss the installed capacity market and energy infrastructure in New York markets and infrastructure" and "the role of New York's centralized capacity market in attracting investment and ensuring resource adequacy and reliability."26 The

<a href="http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/markets\_operations/services/market\_monitoring/ICAP\_Market\_Mitigation/Buy">http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/markets\_operations/services/market\_monitoring/ICAP\_Market\_Mitigation/Buy</a> er Side Mitigation/Numerical Example/BSM Narrative and Numerical Example%20March%207%202014.pdf>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Available at:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> See New York Independent System Operator, Inc., 145 FERC ¶ 61,192 (2013), Delegated Letter Order Docket No. ER14-39 -001 (February 18, 2014).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> See Demand Response Compensation in Organized Wholesale Energy Markets, 134 FERC ¶ 61,187 (2011).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Elec. Power Supply Ass'n v. FERC, 753 F.3d 216 (D.C. Cir. 2014).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Application of the Solicitor General for an Extension of Time Within Which to File a Petition for a Writ of Certiorari, FERC v. Electric Power Supply Ass'n, S. Ct. No. 14A596 (filed Dec. 5, 2014).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> See FERC Docket Number ER14-2518-000, New York Independent System Operator, Inc., Proposed Tariff Amendments to Define Certain Outage States and Associated Requirements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> See FERC Docket No. AD14-18-000, Joint Technical Conference on New York's Markets and Infrastructure, Supplemental Notice of Technical Conference (October 10, 2014).

conference, held November 5, 2014, included the NYISO, its independent Market Monitoring Unit, stakeholders' presentations of information and discussion issues.

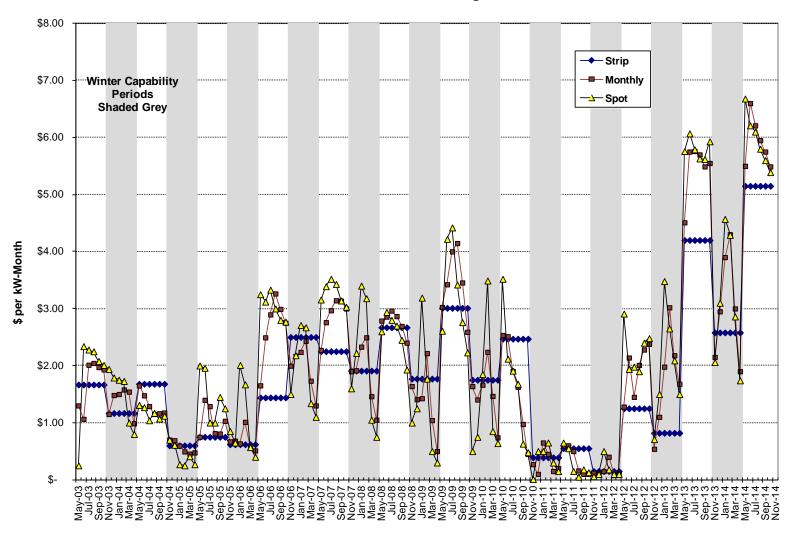
## I.4. Recent Installed Capacity Auction Results

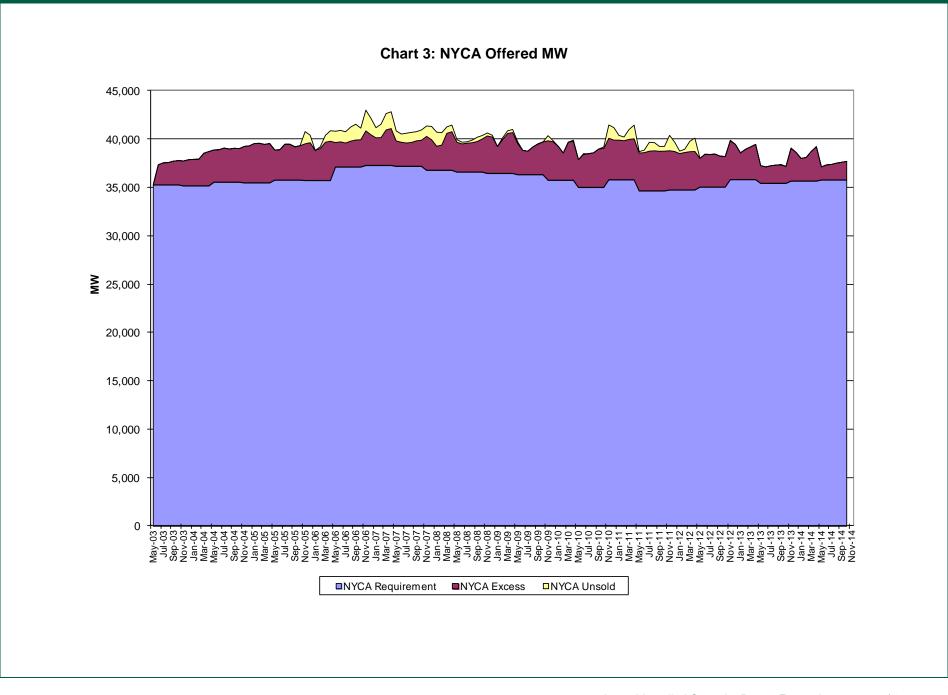
Capacity committed through self-supply, bilateral transactions, and the NYISO-administered auctions (referred to herein as "committed" capacity) remains above the NYCA Minimum Installed Capacity Requirement and above each Locality's LCR. In general, the amount of capacity available from many generators in the NYCA increases in the Winter Capability Period because of higher possible output at lower ambient temperatures. Capacity imports from External Control Areas also fluctuates seasonally and monthly. The NYCA Demand Curve price can decline to zero when supply exceeds the NYCA Minimum Installed Capacity Requirement by 12 percent or more. Accordingly, the NYCA Market-Clearing Prices have been consistently at or above a third of the NYCA ICAP Demand Curve reference price, particularly in the Winter Capability Period when prices were consistently about \$3.00/kW-month.

The amount of Capacity committed to the NYCA, including imports, continues to be high relative to the minimum requirements. The monthly average import levels into the entire NYCA were 1,755 MW in the Winter 2013-2014 Capability Period and 2,446 MW in the Summer 2014 Capability Period. Those values represent a 67 MW monthly average decrease over the amount imported in the previous Winter Capability Period and a 312 MW monthly average increase relative to the 2013 Summer Capability Period. The increase for the Summer Capability Period can be attributed to the fact that the creation of the G-J Locality resulted in capacity being deliverable into the ROS, which it had not been in previous periods.

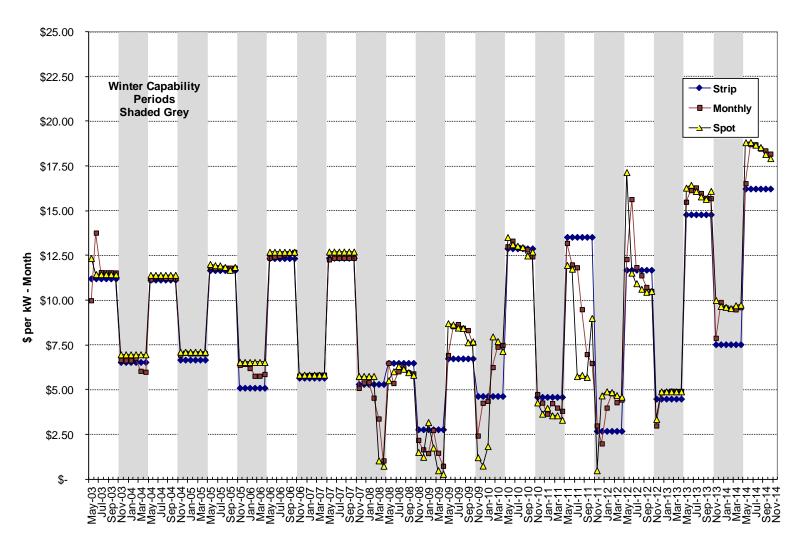
ICAP Market-Clearing Prices and auction activity levels from November 1999 through October 2014 for the NYCA, NYC, and LI are summarized in tabular form in Attachment VI. Market-Clearing Prices are depicted graphically in Chart 2, Chart 4, Chart 6 and Chart 8; and the amount of capacity committed, MW that were offered, and unsold MW are depicted in Chart 3, Chart 5, Chart 7, and Chart 9.

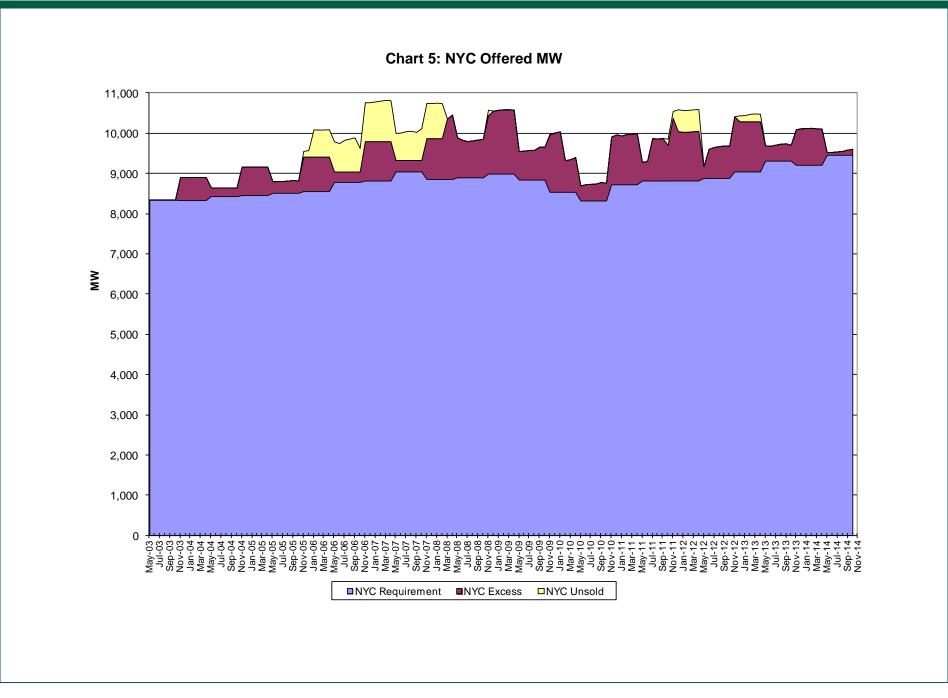




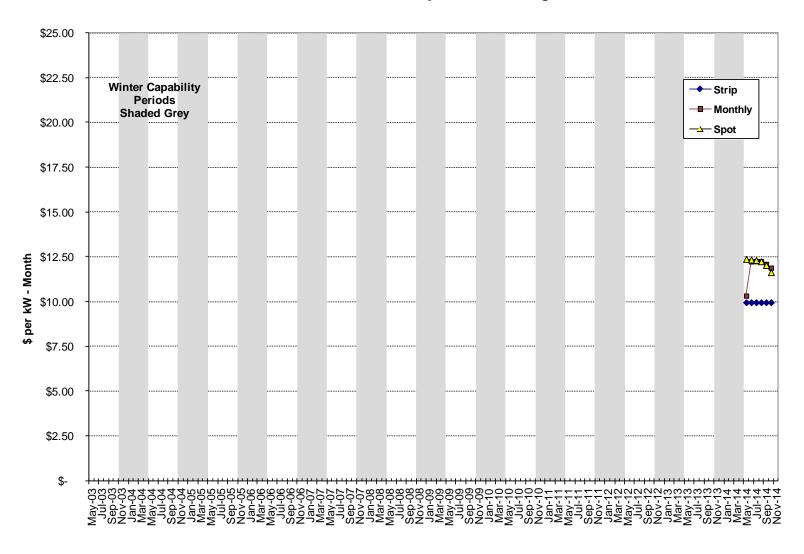


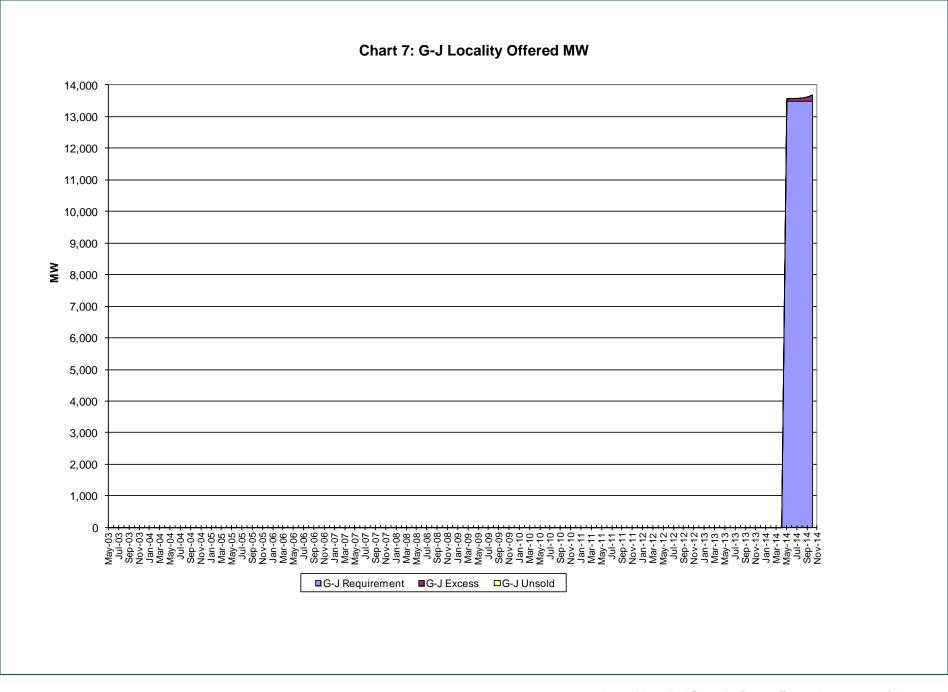
**Chart 4: NYC Market Clearing Prices** 

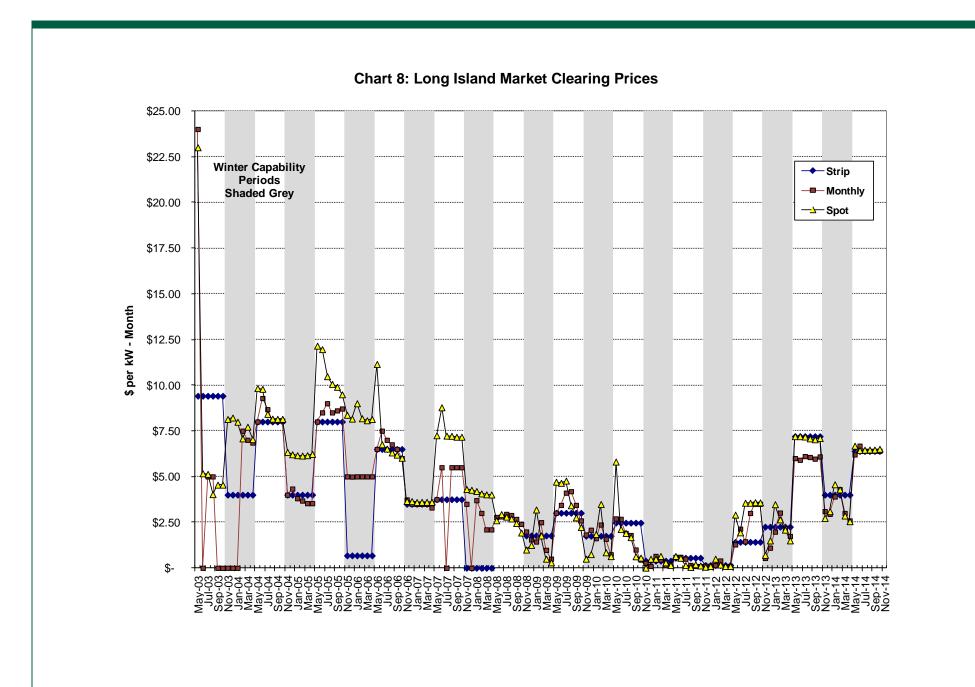












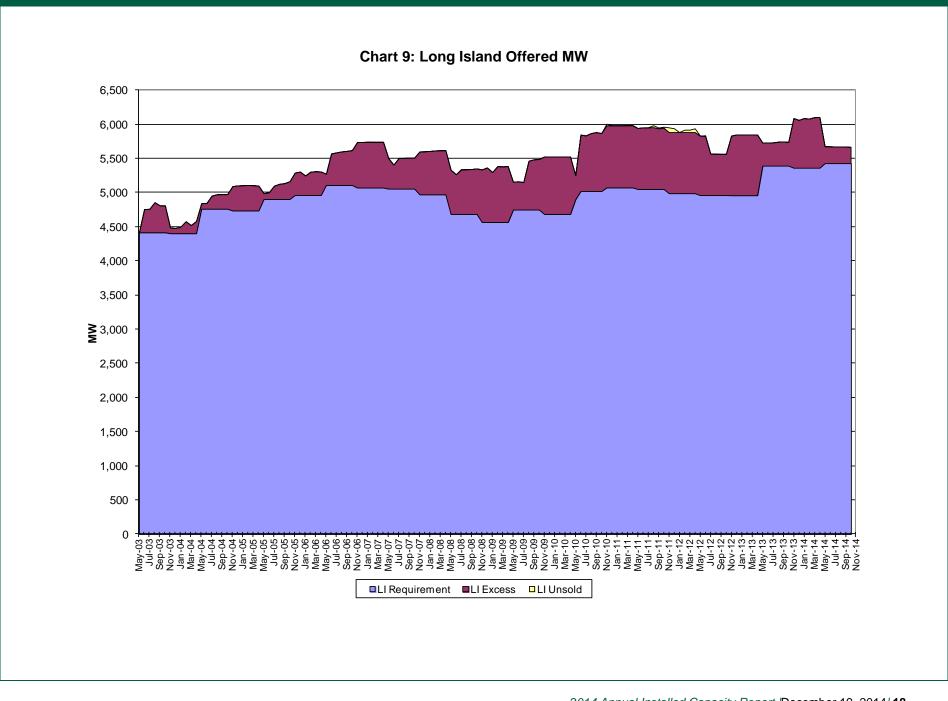


Table 1 summarizes amount of generating capacity throughout the NYCA that either mothballed or retired during the Winter 2013-2014 and the Summer 2014 Capability Periods. Table 1 also includes units from previous Capability Periods, beginning with Winter 2009-2010. Over the last nine Capability Periods, there were 41 generators that were retired, laid-up, or mothballed, totaling about 3,943 MW, with six of them – totaling about 267MW – returned to service. For the period of November 2013 through October 2014, there were two additional mothballed generating units (totaling 54 MW), and four units returning to service (totaling 218 MW). Due to increased emission restrictions in environmental regulations, the age of generators in the NYCA fleet, and the low price of natural gas compared to other fossil fuels, this trend of older, less efficient generators ceasing operation is anticipated to continue.

Table 1: List of Mothballed and Retired Units

Organization Name	Unit Name	Zone	MW <sup>27</sup>	Status <sup>28</sup>	Period
AES Eastern Energy LP	AES Greenidge Unit 3	С	52.8	R	Winter 2009 - 2010
AES Eastern Energy LP	AES Westover Unit 7	С	43.5	R	Winter 2009 - 2010
New York Power Authority	NYPA Poletti	J	891.0	R	Winter 2009 - 2010
Energy Systems North East LLC	Energy Systems North East	Α	82.0	R	Winter 2010 - 2011
Project Orange Associates	Project Orange_1	С	43.6	R	Winter 2010 - 2011
Project Orange Associates	Project Orange_2	С	44.0	R	Winter 2010 - 2011
Long Island Power Authority	Barrett 07	K	17.3	R	Summer 2011
TC Ravenswood	TC Ravenswood GT 3-4	J	35.8	M	Summer 2011
Rochester Gas & Electric Corp.	Beebee GT	В	15.0	R	Winter 2011 - 2012
Binghamton BOP, LLC <sup>29</sup>	Binghamton Cogen Plant	С	43.8	R	Winter 2011 - 2012
Long Island Power Authority	Far Rockaway_4	K	110.6	R	Summer 2012
Long Island Power Authority	Glenwood_4	K	118.7	R	Summer 2012
Long Island Power Authority	Glenwood_5	K	122.0	R	Summer 2012
New York Power Authority	Kensico Hydro Project	I	1.8	R	Summer 2012
Astoria Generating Company, LP	Astoria Station Unit 20	J	177.0	M	Summer 2012
Astoria Generating Company, LP	Astoria Station Unit 40	J	375.6	М	Summer 2012
AES Eastern Energy LP	AES Greenidge Unit 4	С	106.1	R	Summer 2012
NRG Power Marketing LLC	Astoria GT 10	J	24.9	M	Summer 2012
NRG Power Marketing LLC	Astoria GT 11	J	23.6	М	Summer 2012
Dynegy Danskammer, LLC <sup>30</sup>	Danskammer 1	G	67.0	R	Summer 2012
Dynegy Danskammer, LLC	Danskammer 2	G	62.7	R	Summer 2012
Dynegy Danskammer, LLC	Danskammer 3	G	137.2	R	Summer 2012
Dynegy Danskammer, LLC	Danskammer 4	G	236.5	R	Summer 2012
Dynegy Danskammer, LLC	Danskammer Diesel (5&6)	G	5.0	R	Summer 2012
NRG Energy, Inc. (Dunkirk Power LLC)	Dunkirk 3	Α	201.4	М	Summer 2012
NRG Energy, Inc. (Dunkirk Power LLC)	Dunkirk 4	Α	199.1	М	Summer 2012
AES Eastern Energy LP	Westover Unit 8	С	83.8	R	Summer 2012
Cayuga Operating Company, LLC	Cayuga 1	С	154.1	M	Winter 2012 - 2013
Cayuga Operating Company, LLC	Cayuga 2	С	154.7	M	Winter 2012 - 2013
Rochester Gas & Electric	Rochester Station 9 Unit 2 CT	В	15.8	R	Winter 2012 - 2013
NRG Energy, Inc. (Dunkirk Power LLC)	Dunkirk 1 (23563)	Α	96.2	М	Summer 2013
NRG Power Marketing LLC	Astoria GT 10	J	(24.9)	RTS	Summer 2013
NRG Power Marketing LLC	Astoria GT 11	J	(23.6)	RTS	Summer 2013
Freeport Electric Municipality	Freeport Electric <sup>31</sup>	K	1.5	R	Summer 2013
National Grid Generation LLC	Montauk 2	K	2.0	R	Summer 2013

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> The capacity values listed are the CRIS MW values stated in the NYISO's Load and Capacity Data Report (referred to as the "Gold Book").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> "R" indicates "retired", "M" indicates "mothballed", and "RTS" indicates "Retuned to Service after being mothballed or retired."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> This unit was retired in February 2012. In September 2011, the owner announced its intention to resume commercial operations in the fourth quarter 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> The Notice of Intent to Retire Danskammer Units was posted in March 2013; which were out of service starting in October 2012. The owner of the units announced its intention to return all six units to service by the end of 2014.

<sup>31</sup> 1.5 MW of Summer Capacity per the 2013 Gold book Table III-2.

Organization Name	Unit Name	Zone	MW <sup>27</sup>	Status <sup>28</sup>	Period
National Grid Generation LLC	Montauk 3	K	2.0	R	Summer 2013
National Grid Generation LLC	Montauk 4 (23721)	K	2.0	R	Summer 2013
Niagara Generation, LLC	Niagara Generation Biomass Facility	Α	50.5	М	Summer 2013
ReEnergy Chateaugay LLC	ReEnergy Biomass-to-Energy	D	18.6	М	Summer 2013
Syracuse Energy Corporation	Syracuse Energy ST1	С	11.0	R	Summer 2013
Syracuse Energy Corporation	Syracuse Energy ST2	С	58.9	R	Summer 2013
Niagara Generation, LLC	Niagara Generation Biomass Facility	Α	(50.5)	RTS	Winter 2013 - 2014
TC Ravenswood, LLC	TC Ravenswood GT-7	J	16.5	М	Winter 2013 - 2014
Danskammer Energy, LLC	Danskammer 1	G	(67.0)	RTS	Summer 2014
Danskammer Energy, LLC	Danskammer 2	G	(62.7)	RTS	Summer 2014
TC Ravenswood, LLC	TC Ravenswood GT 3-3	J	37.7	М	Summer 2014
TC Ravenswood, LLC	TC Ravenswood GT 3-4	J	(38.6)	RTS	Summer 2014

## I.5. Capacity Withholding Analysis

## I.5.1. All Capacity Areas in the NYCA

This section of the report addresses potential withholding issues in the NYISO-administered capacity auctions for all four capacity areas during the period of November 2013 to October 2014: ROS, NYC, G-J Locality (limited to May 2014 through October 2014), and LI. For the purposes of this report, in order to identify whether any potential withholding occurred, the NYISO analyzed the differences between available capacity<sup>32</sup> and the supply committed through self-supply, bilateral transactions, and the NYISO-administered auctions. In particular, the NYISO examined:

- The NYCA capacity that was available to be offered into the ICAP Spot Market Auctions, but was not offered ("unoffered capacity"),
- Available NYCA capacity that was offered into the ICAP Spot Market Auctions but was not sold ("unsold capacity"),
- Unoffered capacity as a percentage of available capacity, and
- Unsold capacity as a percentage of offered capacity.

When capacity is available but not offered, it is an indication that physical withholding may have occurred. Similarly, if available capacity is offered at a price that causes it to not clear, it is an indication of possible economic withholding. The amounts of unoffered and unsold capacity are determined from the ICAP Spot Market Auction results, because this auction is the last opportunity for an Installed Capacity Supplier to sell its capacity. The existence of unoffered and unsold capacity, however, does not necessarily imply the intent to manipulate market prices.

As reflected in the NYISO's previous reports on the Installed Capacity Demand Curves, patterns of unsold capacity have varied across the three Localities and the NYCA. For the entire NYCA, there generally has been more unsold capacity in Winter months than Summer months, due in part to lower prices in the Winter months. The seasonal monthly average of unsold MW for the Winter 2013-2014 Capability Period for the entire NYCA was 2 MW compared to 52 MW in the Winter 2012-2013 Capability Period. The seasonal monthly average amount of unsold MW for the Summer 2014 Capability Period for the entire NYCA was near zero, while it was 4 MW in the Summer 2013 Capability Period.

In Long Island, historical levels of unsold capacity have averaged near zero. There were 2.5MWs in the Winter 2013-2014 Capability Period, compared to a monthly average of zero MW in the Winter 2011-2013 Capability Period; and only 1 MW in the Summer 2014 Capability Period and Summer 2013 Capability Period, compared to 2 MW on average in the Summer 2012 Capability Period.

In NYC, the seasonal monthly average amount of unsold MW for the Winter 2012-2013 Capability Period was 144 MW, and zero MW in Winter 2013-2014 Capability Period. For the Summer 2012, 2013, and 2014 Capability Periods that number is zero MW.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Available capacity is defined as the lesser of the NYISO-accepted Dependable Maximum Net Capability ("DMNC") and the Capacity Resource Interconnection Service ("CRIS") MW value, with the Equivalent Demand Forced Outage Rates ("EFORd") reduction applied.

In G-J Locality there were no unsold MW in Sumer 2014 Capability Period.

There are three types of capacity auctions in each Capability Period: a Capability Period Auction (also referred to as the "strip auction"), six Monthly Auctions, and six ICAP Spot Market Auctions. Available capacity may be offered into any or all of the auctions. There are three distinct minimum ICAP requirements: one each for the NYC, G-J, and LI Localities, as well as one for the NYCA as a whole. LSEs with Load in NYC, G-J, or LI Localities are required to procure minimum levels of capacity that is electrically located within the respective Locality LCR. Such capacity is also credited toward each NYC and Long Island LSE's overall NYCA obligation. The NYISO establishes the NYCA Minimum Installed Capacity Requirement and the Locational Minimum Installed Capacity Requirements on an annual basis.

The Services Tariff does not require Installed Capacity Suppliers to offer UCAP into the ICAP markets except for certain suppliers in Mitigated Capacity zones (i.e., NYC and the G-J Locality). Until the implementation of the ICAP mitigation measures set forth in Attachment H of the Services Tariff, which were effectuated in May 2008, the majority of capacity in NYC - that of the "Divested Generation Owners" - had been subject to Commission-approved ICAP mitigation measures that imposed bid caps and required the units' capacity to be offered into the ICAP auctions. The Commission's March 7, 2008 Order in Docket No. EL11-39-000 ("March 7, Order") 33 removed the requirements unique to the Divested Generation Owners and approved mitigation measures applicable to all In-City capacity. The March 7, 2008 Order effectuated new In-City mitigation measures, based on Pivotal Supplier determinations combined with offering conduct and price impact thresholds, to determine whether market power had been exercised. ICAP market power mitigation measures became effective for the G-J Locality concurrent with its implementation. These measures for NYC and G-J Locality are set forth in Attachment H of the Services Tariff (as revised over time, "Supply-side Mitigation Measures").

In developing the information for this report, the NYISO examined auction outcomes of the Capability Periods from Summer 2007, which began May 1, 2007, through Summer 2014, which ended October 31, 2014. Since the capacity product transacted in the NYISOadministered ICAP auctions is UCAP, the following information was examined:

- Certification data, reflecting the certified MW of UCAP from all Resources within New York available to supply capacity to the NYCA. The analysis did not include resources physically located outside of the NYCA.
- Certification data, reflecting the certified MW of UCAP from all Resources within the G-J Locality (Load Zones G, H, I, and J) available to supply capacity to the NYCA. The analysis did not include resources physically located outside of the NYCA.
- The amount of UCAP supplied, which includes UCAP sold in any of the NYISO ICAP auctions, UCAP certified as self-supplied against an LSE's Unforced Capacity Obligation, and UCAP committed through bilateral transactions.

## I.5.2. Unoffered Capacity

Chart 10 presents seasonal averages of unoffered capacity as a percentage of available Capacity for each of the three capacity areas.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> See New York Independent System Operator, Inc., Docket No. EL07-39-000, Order Conditionally Approving Proposal, 122 FERC ¶ 61,211 (2008).

→ LI - I - NYC --- ROS --- G-J 8.0% 7.0% 6.0% 5.0% 4.0% 3.0% 2 0% 1.0% 0.0% Summer 2007 Winter 2009-10 Winter 2012-13 Summer 2013 Winter 2007-08 Vinter 2008-09 Summer 2009 Winter 2013/2014 Summer 2008 Winter 2010-11

**Chart 10: Average Percent of Unoffered MW** 

The LI Locality has fairly consistent seasonal fluctuations in the amounts of unoffered capacity, which can be seen in Chart 10. The LI Locality is characterized by procurement chiefly through bilateral transactions and self-supply. While the amount of unoffered capacity in the LI Locality fluctuates between 0.01% and 2.3%, much of the unoffered capacity is not actually available due, in some instances, to site permit restrictions.

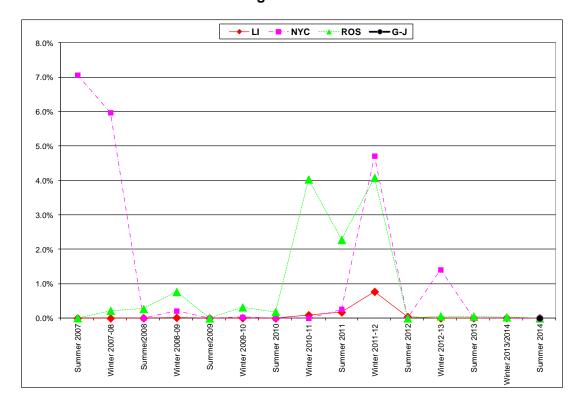
In the NYC Locality, prior to the Summer 2008 Capability Period, the low level of unoffered capacity was principally due to the offer requirement applicable to the Divested Generation Owners. Beginning with the Summer 2008 Capability Period, the near absence of unoffered capacity can be attributed to the Supply-side Mitigation Measures effectuated in 2008.

In the G-J Locality, effectuated in Summer 2014, the level of unoffered capacity was similar to the level in the ROS. In the ROS the unoffered MW for the Winter 2013-2014 and Summer 2014 Capability Periods were significantly lower compared to other Capability Periods.<sup>34</sup>

Chart 11 displays unsold capacity as a percent of available UCAP in each of the four capacity areas, which has been zero for the past three Capability Periods.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> As noted in n. 1, the definition of Rest of State prior to the Summer 2014 Capability Period was Load Zones A though I, and beginning with the Summer 2014 Capability Period is Load Zones A through F.



**Chart 11: Average Percent of Unsold MW** 

## I.5.3. Unsold Capacity

For all Capability Periods beginning with the Summer 2007 Capability Period, nearly all Long Island offered capacity was sold. In NYC, the average amount of unsold capacity as a percentage of available capacity trended at near zero levels from the start of the Summer 2008 Capability Period, except for the Winter 2011-2012, and Winter 2012-2013 Capability Periods when some offered capacity did not clear because it was offered at a price greater than the UCAP Offer Reference Level. The UCAP Offer Reference Level is the price at which the ICAP Spot Market Auction would clear if all available capacity was offered and sold. For the Winter 2013-2014 and Summer 2014 Capability Periods, nearly all of the capacity offered in NYCA auctions was sold. The G-J Locality had zero unsold MW in the Summer 2014 Capability Period.

The increased Locational Minimum Installed Capacity Requirements and Installed Reserve Margin ("IRM") contributed to lower amounts of unsold MW, year-over-year. Table 2 summarizes these values for NYCA and the three localities over the past six years.

Table 2: Locational Capacity Requirements (%)<sup>35</sup>

Capability Year	NYC	G-J	LI	NYCA
2007/2008	80.0	-	99.0	116.5
2008/2009	80.0	-	94.0	115.0
2009/2010	80.0	-	97.5	116.5
2010/2011 (May)	80.0	-	102.0	118.0
2010/2011 (June-April)	80.0	-	104.5	118.0
2011/2012	81.0	-	101.5	115.5
2012/2013	83.0		99.0	116.0
2013/2014	86.0	-	105.0	117.0
2014/2015	85.0	88.0	107.0	117.0

Table 3 displays the breakdown of unsold and unoffered capacity for each Locality and ROS. As part of the NYISO's August 24, 2010 ICAP compliance filing, <sup>36</sup> the NYISO stated that it would include unoffered and unsold capacity in the NYC Locality in its annual Installed Capacity Demand Curves reports. The unoffered and unsold capacity values for NYC and ROS are included to give a full representation of the data that underlies this report.

There were virtually no unsold MW in all Localities and ROS. Beginning with the Winter 2013-2014 Capability Period, the amount of unoffered MW stayed very low in NYC, LI, and G-J Locality. See Section I.5.5.2 for more explanations on unoffered MW in ROS.

Table 3: Unoffered and Unsold MW

		Unof	fered		Unsold			
Month	NYC	G-J	LI	ROS	NYC	G-J	LI	ROS
Nov-13	2.1	-	15.7	205.8	0	-	2.4	0
Dec-13	1.3	-	45	236.7	0	-	0	0
Jan-14	2.5	-	27.2	245.8	0	-	0	0
Feb-14	2.1	-	38.3	261.6	0	-	0.1	0
Mar-14	5.9	-	17.1	259.5	0	-	0	0
Apr-14	11	-	16	206	0	-	0	42
May-14	14	4.4	3.9	149.1	0	0	1	0
Jun-14	6.6	5.7	5.2	89.4	0	0	2	0
Jul-14	5.1	14.5	9.9	68.9	0	0	0	0
Aug-14	10.4	18.9	10.9	110	0	0	0	0
Sep-14	9.3	18.1	10.9	76.2	0	0	0	0
Oct-14	10.8	40.9	15.8	76.1	0	0	0	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> The New York State Reliability Council issues an annual IRM Study Report, which presents the lowest feasible installed capacity requirements for the NYCA. Each report includes a comparison of the IRM and LCR values to the previous year along with an explanation of each parameter that contributed to the changes. The NYISO determines the actual LCRs for each Locality taking into consideration changes that have occurred since the Reliability Council approved the IRM Study Report. The IRM Study Report for the 2013/2014 Capability Year is available at: <a href="http://www.nysrc.org/pdf/MeetingMaterial/ICSMeetingMaterial/ICS\_Agenda144/LCR2014\_OC\_report\_V4c.pdf">http://www.nysrc.org/pdf/MeetingMaterial/ICSMeetingMaterial/ICS\_Agenda144/LCR2014\_OC\_report\_V4c.pdf</a>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> See New York Independent System Operator, Inc., Resubmittal of August 24, 2010 Filing, Docket Nos. ER10-2210-000, EL07-39-000, and ER08-695-0004 at p. 16.

## I.5.4. New York City and G-J Localities

To administer the Supply-side Mitigation Measures, the NYISO identifies Pivotal Suppliers by examining the NYC UCAP and G-J Locality UCAP that each ICAP Supplier, along with its Affiliated Entities, Controls in excess of the pivotal control threshold.<sup>37</sup> The UCAP under the Control of Pivotal Suppliers ("Mitigated UCAP") must be offered into the ICAP Spot Market Auction at a price at or below the lesser of the UCAP Offer Reference Level or the ICAP Supplier's Going-Forward Costs determined by the NYISO ("GFCs"). Chart 12 and Chart 14 illustrate the effects of the Supply-side Mitigation Measures. The UCAP Offer Reference Level, as shown in these Charts, becomes the cap that the Pivotal Supplier must offer at or below in the ICAP Spot Market Auction, unless the Pivotal Supplier's Going Forward Costs are higher.

The level of unoffered and unsold MW can be inferred from Chart 12 and Chart 14 by comparing the Locality Spot Market Auction price to the UCAP Offer Reference Level, while Chart 13 and Chart 15 depict the levels of available generator and SCR UCAP in the Locality. The difference between the ICAP Spot Market Auction clearing price and UCAP Offer Reference Level can be attributed to Locality capacity that is either not offered or is offered at a price above the UCAP Offer Reference Level. Note that the Locality Spot Market Auction price will diverge from the UCAP Offer Reference Level when the NYCA ICAP Spot Market Auction sets the Locality Spot Market Auction price. This divergence is the result of the auction rules, and is not caused by unoffered or unsold Locality Capacity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> See Services Tariff Attachment H Sections 23.2.1 and 23.4.5.

Chart 12: NYC Mitigation Results<sup>38</sup>

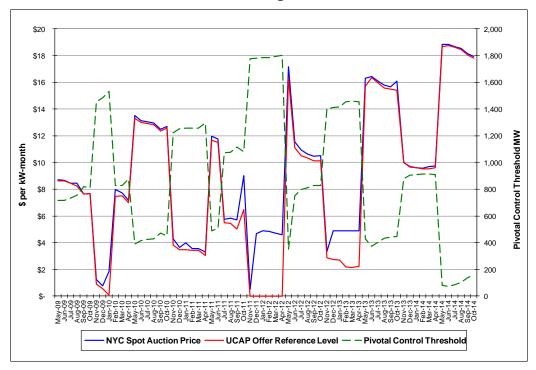
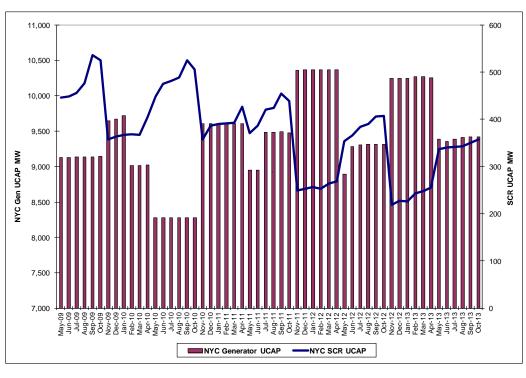


Chart 13: NYC Generator and SCR UCAP



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Per MST Att. H Section 23.2, "Pivotal Supplier" needs to control at least 500 MW of Unforced Capacity, and some portion of which is necessary to meet the New York City Locality Locational Minimum Installed Capacity Requirement in an ICAP Spot Market Auction.

Chart 14: G-J Locality Mitigation Results<sup>39</sup>

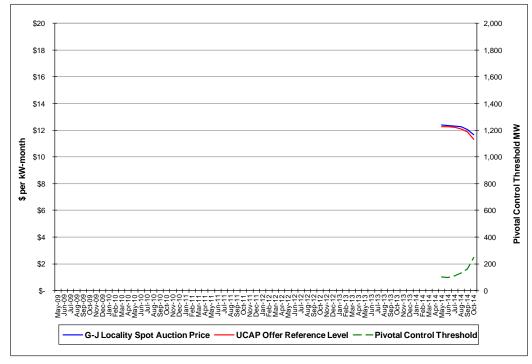
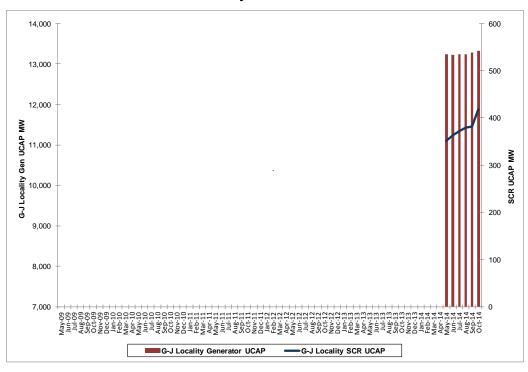


Chart 15: G-J Locality Generator and SCR UCAP



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Per MST Att. H Section 23.2, "Pivotal Supplier" needs to control at least 650 MW of Unforced Capacity, and some portion of which is necessary to meet the G-J Locality Locational Minimum Installed Capacity Requirement in an ICAP Spot Market Auction.

#### I.5.5. Rest of State

#### I.5.5.1. Overview

This section of the report addresses possible withholding of Capacity located in the Rest of State, <sup>40</sup> from November 2013 through October 2014. For this review, the NYISO conducted a detailed analysis of unoffered and unsold capacity. This section of the review pertains primarily to the NYCA but also contains some explanations for unoffered capacity in NYC, G-J Locality, and Long Island.

Chart 16 shows the monthly average values over each Capability Period for four ROS capacity types: available, offered, sold, and exported MW.

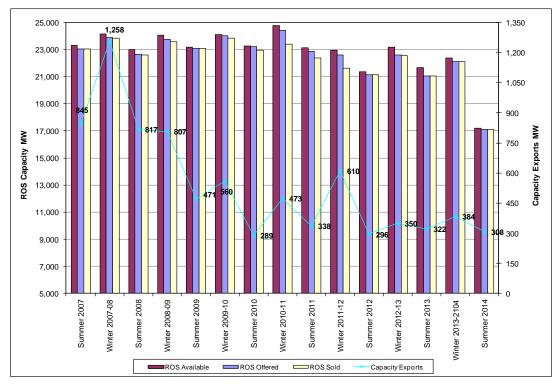


Chart 16: Rest of State Capacity Available, Offered, Sold and Exported

Examination of Rest of State capacity data pertaining to individual Market Participants revealed general patterns in unsold and unoffered capacity. The patterns suggest a three-way classification of suppliers by market sector: all generation-owning transmission owners, ROS generation owners, and other suppliers (a category which includes SCRs). Table 4 of this December 2014 Report summarizes the monthly averages of unoffered and unsold capacity since the Summer 2008 Capability Period. The ROS generation-owners category was updated to include all ROS generation owners in addition to the five selected ROS companies reported

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 $<sup>^{40}</sup>$  Prior to Summer 2014, ROS consisted of transmission zones A through I; starting May 2014, ROS is defined as transmission zones A through F.

in the 2013 annual ICAP report.<sup>41</sup> The data in Table 4 for all Capability Periods reflect the new groupings and thus may be different from the data presented in prior ICAP annual reports.

Table 4: ROS Unoffered and Unsold Capacity MW by Type of Market Participant

ROS Unoffered Capacity MW by Type of Market Participant									
	GenCo	% of GenCo	то	% TO	Others	% Other	Capability Period Average		
Summer 2008	114.22	32.70%	204.37	58.60%	30.32	8.70%	348.9		
Summer 2009	49.23	40.40%	69.25	56.80%	3.47	2.80%	121.95		
Summer 2010	98.07	37.10%	158.22	59.90%	7.87	3.00%	264.15		
Summer 2011	54.13	25.80%	78.97	37.60%	76.7	36.60%	209.8		
Summer 2012	60.08	29.50%	68.4	33.60%	75.32	37.00%	203.8		
Summer 2013	486.55	78.30%	70.77	11.40%	64.2	10.30%	621.52		
Summer 2014	60.88	46.54%	14.72	11.25%	55.23	42.22%	130.83		

ROS Unoffered Capacity MW by Type of Market Participant										
% of										
	GenCo	GenCo	то	% TO	Others	% Other	Capability Period Average			
Winter 2008-2009	236.8	78.50%	64.13	21.30%	0.57	0.20%	301.5			
Winter 2009-2010	93.27	48.10%	91.02	47.00%	9.45	4.90%	193.73			
Winter 2010-2011	212.55	57.40%	127.45	34.40%	30.35	8.20%	370.35			
Winter 2011-2012	138.53	37.00%	142.42	38.00%	93.65	25.00%	374.6			
Winter 2012-2013	437.3	73.40%	137.25	23.00%	20.98	3.50%	595.53			
Winter 2013-2014	118.23	44.35%	79.25	29.73%	69.117	25.93%	266.6			

ROS Unsold Capacity MW by Type of Market Participant										
	GenCo	% of GenCo	то	% TO	Others	% Other	Capability Period Average			
Summer 2008	92.43	99.50%	0	0.00%	0.48	0.50%	92.9			
Summer 2009	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0			
Summer 2010	23.03	35.60%	0	0.00%	41.73	64.40%	64.75			
Summer 2011	479.94	91.00%	2.5	0.50%	44.91	8.50%	527.35			
Summer 2012	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0			
Summer 2013	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	69.5	100.00%	69.5			
Summer 2014	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0			

ROS Unsold Capacity MW by Type of Market Participant									
	202	% of	TO	0/ <b>TO</b>	Othora	0/ <b>O</b> 4h a r	Conchility Davied Average		
W	GenCo	GenCo	TO	% TO	Others	% Other	Capability Period Average		
Winter 2008-2009	214.41	97.70%	0	0.00%	5.15	2.30%	219.56		
Winter 2009-2010	110.14	95.30%	0	0.00%	5.43	4.70%	115.57		
Winter 2010-2011	895.19	89.50%	0	0.00%	105.09	10.50%	1,000.28		
Winter 2011-2012	811.26	86.50%	38.35	4.10%	88.42	9.40%	938.03		
Winter 2012-2013	50	61.00%	0	0.00%	32	39.00%	82		
Winter 2013-2014	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	42	100.00%	42		

Salient facts from the above tables are:

 The group of all ROS generation-owning Transmission Owners consistently had unoffered capacity which ranged from 11% to 60% of total unoffered capacity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> This adjustment was made because the grouping of ROS generation owners in prior reports no longer encompassed the majority of ROS generators due to changes in ownership.

- The group of all ROS generation-owning Transmission Owners had up to 4.1% of offered and unsold capacity.
- The group of generation owners consistently had unoffered capacity which ranged from 25% to 79% of total unoffered capacity.
- The group of generation owners had unsold capacity which accounted for 0% to 100% of total capacity that was offered and unsold capacity.
- The group of all others including SCRs consistently had unoffered capacity that ranged from 0% to 37% of total unoffered capacity.
- The group of all others including SCRs had capacity that was offered and unsold capacity that ranged from 0% to 100%.

#### I.5.5.2. Analysis of ROS Unoffered Capacity

This section provides a detailed analysis of the unoffered capacity located in the ROS. The section also presents the maximum price impact of the unoffered capacity, in each month and averaged over the six months of each Capability Period. Market Participants with a significant amount of unoffered capacity were provided an opportunity to justify their unoffered MW. Generally, responses suggest that the Installed Capacity Suppliers' reasons for not offering the Capacity were benign, and none of the instances evidence behavior intended to artificially raise prices.

Instances of unoffered capacity in Mitigated Capacity Zones are potentially subject to a non-discretionary penalty assessment (per MST Att. H section 23.4.5.4.2), and are not included in this section.

The NYISO contacted each Installed Capacity Supplier with at least 15 MW of unoffered capacity in any one month in either Winter 2013-2014 or Summer 2014 for an explanation of why it did not offer all of its capacity. There were 11 Market Participants with at least 15 MW of unoffered capacity in any given month in ROS, and the NYISO sought and received explanations from each of them.<sup>42</sup>

- Four Market Participants reported that their failure to offer capacity into the ICAP Market was due to an administrative oversight. Each instance was limited to a single month, and the unoffered capacity of these instances ranged from 16 MW to 40 MW. Company responses cited both computer malfunctions, and procedural and human error as causes. Market Participants reported that new procedures would be put in place to avoid failing to offer capacity in the future.
- Two Market Participants cited changes in their status in the ICAP Market as cause for unoffered capacity.
- Five Market Participants reported economic and/or physical conditions as cause for not offering capacity. These instances ranged from three to six not necessarily consecutive months. Monthly unoffered capacity ranged from 17 MW to 77 MW. Responses detailed causes including, but not limited to, conservative operating strategies, environmental conditions, and rules enforced by a third party such as another Market Participant or System Operator.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Confidential Attachment III provides a more detailed summary of the Market Participants' explanations for having unoffered capacity.

Table 5 shows the maximum price impact of the unoffered capacity (15 MW or higher per incident) based on the slopes of the ICAP Demand Curves for the relevant Capability Periods. The maximum price impact is calculated as the lesser of (1) the product of the monthly unsold MW and the slope of the ICAP Demand Curve and (2) the ICAP Spot Market Auction Market-Clearing Price, since the price impact cannot exceed the auction price. Monthly values and seasonal averages of the maximum price impact are reported. The maximum price impact of the unoffered capacity, averaged over the six months of the Winter 2013-2014 and Summer 2014 Capability Periods, was \$0.37/kW-month and \$0.10/kW-month, respectively.

Table 5: Maximum Price Impact of ROS Unoffered Capacity (15MW+)<sup>43</sup>

Month	Total Unoffered MW	Monthly Maximum Price Impact	Seasonal Average Maximum Price Impact				
Nov-13	116.2	\$0.27					
Dec-13	159.5	\$0.37					
Jan-14	168.1	\$0.39	\$0.37				
Feb-14	197.8	\$0.46	φυ.57				
Mar-14	178.8	\$0.42					
Apr-14	133.0	\$0.31					
May-14	92.3	\$0.21					
Jun-14	29.3	\$0.07					
Jul-14	29.3	\$0.07	\$0.10				
Aug-14	46.0	\$0.10	φυ.10				
Sep-14	29.3	\$0.07					
Oct-14	29.3	\$0.07	1				

## I.5.5.3. Analysis of ROS Unsold Capacity

This section of the report analyzes and reports on ROS unsold capacity in the ICAP Spot Market Auction. Attachment I summarizes masked unsold capacity offers. <sup>44</sup> This section also presents the maximum price impact of the ROS unsold capacity, in any one month and the price impact average for the six months of the Capability Period. The process utilized by the NYISO in performing this analysis includes contacting each generator for an explanation of its behavior if (a) the class of generators that it was in had equal or more than 15 MW of unsold capacity in a given month; (b) monthly average price impact over the capability period is greater than or equal to \$0.20/kW-month or \$0.35/kW-month in any month; and (c) if the generator had a ICAP Spot Market Auction offer that was greater than the generator's class average Net GFC with half net revenues. <sup>45</sup> In addition to calculating the monthly maximum and average maximum price impacts, the following metrics can be calculated for the analysis period:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> The price impact of *all* ROS unoffered capacity average \$0.55/kW-month for the Winter 2014-2014, and \$0.21/kW-month for the Summer 2014. The monthly price impact cannot exceed the ICAP Spot Market Auction clearing price for that month.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> Attachment II is a redacted (public) version of the confidential unsold capacity offers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> Going Forward Cost terminology and elements for purposes of ROS unsold capacity analysis were discussed in detail at Table 7 in the 2012 Annual Installed Capacity Report. See 2012 Annual Report at Table 7, filed in FERC Docket Nos. ER01-3001-000, E03-647-000.

- Class average GFCs, with and without a risk adjustment;
- Estimated monthly price impacts of unsold capacity associated with offers above class average GFCs.

#### I.5.5.4. Monthly Price Impacts

Table 6 includes the average monthly maximum price impact of unsold capacity for each Capability Period. The price impacts reported in Table 6 did not exceed the NYISO's threshold for determining whether GFCs are evaluated in all months of the analysis period, November 2013 through October 2014. Specifically, none of the Capability Period impacts exceeded the \$0.20/kW-month threshold. The average price impacts were \$0.03/kW-month in both Winter 2013-2014 and Summer 2014. Monthly maximum price impact was \$0.18/kW-month for November 2013 which is below the \$0.35/kW-month threshold. There was no further investigation needed for purposes of this report.

Table 6: Maximum Price Impact of ROS Unsold MW

Month	Total Unsold MW	Monthly Maximum Price Impact	Seasonal Average Maximum Price Impact			
Nov-13	0.0	\$0.00				
Dec-13	0.0	\$0.00				
Jan-14	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.02			
Feb-14	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.02			
Mar-14	0.0	\$0.00				
Apr-14	42.0	\$0.10				
May-14	0.0	\$0.00				
Jun-14	0.0	\$0.00				
Jul-14	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00			
Aug-14	0.0	\$0.00	φυ.00			
Sep-14	0.0	\$0.00				
Oct-14	0.0	\$0.00	1			

### **II. NYISO Report on New Generation Projects**

In its October 23, 2006 order, the Commission ordered the NYISO to submit "a list of investments in new generation projects in New York (including a description and current status of each such project), regardless of the stage of project development at the time of the filing." The NYISO keeps a list of Interconnection Requests and Transmission Projects for the New York Control Area that includes information about all generation projects in the State that have requested interconnection.

The NYISO interconnection process is described in two attachments of the NYISO OATT: OATT Attachment X entitled, "Standard Large Facility Interconnection Procedures," and OATT Attachment Z entitled, "Small Generator Interconnection Procedures." OATT Attachment X applies to Generating Facilities that exceed 20 MW in size and to Merchant Transmission Facilities, collectively referred to as "Large Facilities." OATT Attachment Z applies to Generating Facilities no larger than 20 MW.

Under OATT Attachment X, Developers of Large Facilities must submit an Interconnection Request to the NYISO. The NYISO assigns a Queue Position to all valid Interconnection Requests. Under OATT Attachment X, proposed generation and merchant transmission projects undergo up to three studies: the Feasibility Study, the System Reliability Impact Study, and the Class Year Interconnection Facilities Study. The Class Year Interconnection Facilities Study is performed on a Class Year basis for a group of eligible projects pursuant to the requirements of Attachment S of the NYISO OATT. Under OATT Attachment Z, proposed small generators undergo a process that is similar, but with different paths and options that are dependent on the specific circumstances of the project.

Proposed generation and transmission projects currently in the NYISO interconnection process are listed on the list of Interconnection Requests and Transmission Projects for the New York Control Area ("NYISO Interconnection Queue"). The generation projects on that list are shown in Attachment IV to this report, which is dated November 30, 2014. The NYISO updates the NYISO Interconnection Queue on at least a monthly basis and posts the most recent list on the NYISO's public web site<sup>47</sup> at the "Planning Documents and Resources", underneath the "Interconnection Studies" section.

The status of each project on the NYISO Interconnection Queue is shown in the column labeled "S." An explanation of this column is provided in Attachment V to this report. Also, note that the proposed In-Service Date for each project is the date provided to the NYISO by the respective Owner/Developer, is updated only on a periodic basis, and is subject to change.

<sup>47</sup> See <a href="http://www.nyiso.com/public/markets\_operations/services/planning/documents/index.jsp">http://www.nyiso.com/public/markets\_operations/services/planning/documents/index.jsp</a>.

 $<sup>^{46}</sup>$  See New York Independent System Operator Inc., 117 FERC ¶ 61,086, at P 14 (2006).

### **III. New Generation Projects and Net Revenue Analysis**

#### III.1. Overview

The ICAP Demand Curves are designed to send efficient price signals to developers to build new generation and to generation owners to invest in existing generation when and where it is needed. In past ICAP annual reports, the NYISO stated that it is difficult to relate the investment in new generation to the ICAP Demand Curves given the lead-time required to site, develop, and construct new generation, and to address other barriers to new entry; however, the ICAP Demand Curves provide transparency for projecting Spot Market capacity price signals that developers and owners consider prior to making investment decisions. Further, since the creation of the new G-J Locality (encompassing Load Zones G, H, I and J) and implementation of the ICAP Demand Curves for it, there has been investment in new and existing resources in Load Zones G, H, and I. Publicly announced investments in the G-J Locality as of the December 2014 preparation of this report include the return to service of the Danskammer Generating Station and the potential restoration of Bowline Unit 2 to its full capacity. The NYISO has reviewed the methodology used in past reports to complete this section of the report. The NYISO determined that in light of the recent implementation of new ICAP Demand Curves and their updated parameters it would be informative for this section of report to provide net revenue analysis on a comparable basis to that used in the prior reports. This approach is relatively comparable to that information presented in past reports

# III.2. Market Design Developments to Enhance Demand Curve Performance

On January 28, 2014, FERC accepted the proposed tariff revisions that implemented the new ICAP Demand Curves, including the first ICAP Demand Curve for the G-J Locality (the "January 28 Order"). The January 28 Order accepted the NYISO's proposal to use the dual-fuel F-class frame combustion turbine (Siemens SGT6-5000(F) with selective catalytic reduction emission controls ("selective catalytic reduction") to develop the Demand Curves for NYC, LI, and the G-J Locality. This "proxy" plant replaced the LMS100 technology that was used for NYC and LI Demand Curves in the previous ICAP Demand Curves; *i.e.*, the curves that applied from the October 2011 through the Winter 2013/14 Capability Periods. A gas-only F-class frame combustion turbine with an operational limit in lieu of selective catalytic reduction was again selected as the proxy plant for the NYCA ICAP Demand Curve; however, the proxy plant used to develop the current NYCA ICAP Demand Curve is a single Siemens SGT6-5000(F) unit with a reduced operating limit of 950 hours to meet identified annual emission levels. These new ICAP Demand Curves and the creation of the G-J Locality are sending appropriate price signals.

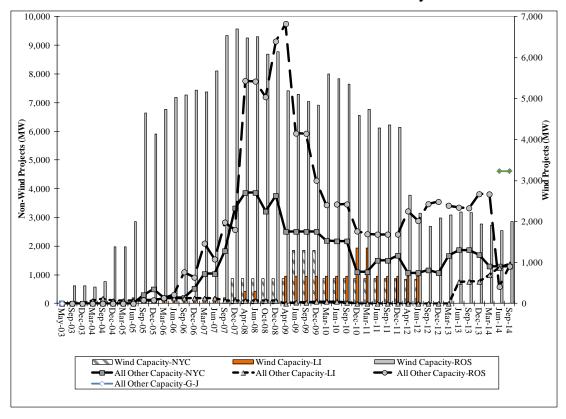
### III.3. Interconnection Queue Projects

The NYISO's interconnection queue lists the projects that are being and will be evaluated in the interconnection study processes. In-service dates stated on the interconnection queue for projects are provided by the developers, and the NYISO periodically updates the queue (Attachment IV). Chart 17 was compiled using data from Attachment IV. Chart 17

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> New York Independent System Operator, Inc., 146 FERC ¶ 61,043 (2014).

depicts the amount of generation listed on the NYISO's interconnection queue since 2003 in NYC, LI, and Rest of State ("ROS"), and starting in Summer 2014 it includes the G-J Locality. Wind projects are depicted separately from generation projects with other fuel types. The ROS depiction in Chart 17 does account for the change in its composition starting in Summer 2014 with the creation of the G-J Locality ("G-J"). From 2003 through April 2014, ROS was comprised of Load Zones A through I. It is now comprised of Load Zones A through F.



**Chart 17: NYISO Interconnection Queue Projects** 

Chart 17 reports only those projects that were placed in the queue after May 1, 2003. <sup>49</sup> Since the queue includes projects at various stages, for purposes of the analysis for this section of the report, the NYISO included those projects that are identified as active. Accordingly, pre-2005 period projects with codes 'I', 'W', or 'C' were excluded; and for 2005 and beyond projects, status codes 0, 1, 12, 13, and 14 were omitted.

The number of generation projects and the amount of MW in the interconnection process has increased since the ICAP Demand Curves became effective in May 2003. The number of

12=Under Construction, 13=In Service for Test, 14=In Service Commercial, 0=Withdrawn, where FES=Feasibility Study, SRIS=System Reliability Impact Study, FS=Facilities Study.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> Each project in the queue is provided a status code that identifies its position in the study process that ranges from the initial scoping meeting to entering service. Prior to 2005, each project was provided a status-code based on the NYISO System Reliability Impact Study from the following: *P=Pending, A=Active, I=Inactive, R=Under Review, C=Completed, W=Withdrawn*. Starting in 2005, the classification system was changed and status-codes were based on the standard steps in the NYISO's interconnection process as follows: *1=Scoping Meeting Pending, 2=FES Pending, 3=FES in Progress, 4=SRIS Pending, 5=SRIS in Progress, 6=SRIS Approved, 7=FS Pending, 8=Rejected Cost Allocation/Next FS Pending, 9=FS in Progress, 10=Accepted Cost Allocation/IA in Progress, 11=IA Completed,* 

MW associated with projects based on technologies other than wind (measured on the left Y-axis, above) did not increase significantly until the summer of 2005. Chart 17 shows that beginning with the Winter 2007-2008 Capability Period, the number of MW listed in the interconnection queue for the Rest of State rose sharply, particularly new non-wind projects. By the end of 2011, this trend had largely reversed to pre-Winter 2007-2008 levels. Since the 2013 Annual Installed Capacity Report, of the projects in the interconnection queue, the total amount of Rest of State non-wind generation in Winter 2013-2014 increased. The sharp decrease in ROS non-wind generation shown in Chart 17 beginning with the Summer 2014 is indicative of Load Zones G, H, I no longer being part of ROS. Wind generation in newly defined ROS (Load Zones A through F), and non-wind generation in NYC have decreased while LI non-wind generation has increased. No wind projects were proposed in NYC, LI and G-J in 2014.

In addition to the proposed projects reflected in Chart 17, there are proposed HVDC transmission lines. Two of the projects are from External Control Areas, one terminating in NYC and the other terminating in LI. A third project is proposed to be a connection between Load Zone F (in the ROS) and Load Zone H (*i.e.*, in the G-J Locality). If these projects receive Unforced Capacity Deliverability Rights ("UDRs"), the UCAP associated with the UDRs can be used to satisfy the respective LCRs.

# III.4. Proposed Resource Additions in Response to Reliability Needs Assessment

In September 16, 2014, the NYISO Board of Directors approved the 2014 Reliability Needs Assessment (RNA) Report.<sup>50</sup> This report assesses resource adequacy and both transmission security and adequacy of the New York Control Area (NYCA) bulk power transmission system from year 2015 through 2024.

Similar to the 2012 RNA, the NYISO's 2014 RNA report identified resource adequacy violations in SENY beginning in 2019 through 2024 and transmission security violations in Zones A, B, C, E, and F beginning in 2015, some of which were similar to those found in the 2012 RNA. The RNA stated that the amount of resources needed to maintain reliability below the UPNY-SENY interface throughout the study period is approximately 100 MW in 2019, increasing to 1,200 MW in 2024 below the UPNY-SENY interface, which could be addressed by transmission or capacity resources. The large decrease of the NYCA capacity margin (the total capacity less the peak load forecast) is the most significant difference between the 2012 RNA and the 2014 RNA reports. Potential reliability solutions were formally solicited by the NYISO on October 1, 2014 for analysis in the 2014 Comprehensive Reliability Plan ("CRP").

As mentioned above, the G-J Locality is providing the market signals for resources to locate or return to service in this area. Generation owners and developers submitted notices to the NYISO in recent months stating that they are taking steps to return mothballed units to service, restore units to their full capability, and/or build new units in the G-J Locality. Other units in the NYCA are also returning to service or withdrawing their notices of intent to mothball their units, and Con Edison is planning to add more demand response and other resources in New York City. These resource additions are summarized in Table 7.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> The 2014 RNA study is available at <a href="http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/markets\_operations/services/planning/Planning\_Studies/Reliability\_Planning\_Studies/Reliability\_Assessment\_Documents/2014 RNA\_final\_09162014.pdf">http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/markets\_operations/services/planning/Planning\_Studies/Reliability\_Planning\_Studies/Reliability\_Assessment\_Documents/2014 RNA\_final\_09162014.pdf</a>.

Upon the completion of the 2014 RNA, the NYISO reviewed the notices and information submitted by Market Participants since April 2014, and identified more than 1,900 MW of additional resources when developing the CRP base case. The additional capacity identified in this process is described in Table 7. Combined with the updated Local Transmission Owner Plans submitted by the Transmission Owners, the NYISO has determined that the resource adequacy and transmission security needs identified in the 2014 RNA would be fully mitigated. On November 14, 2014, the NYISO withdrew its requests for solutions to address the Reliability Needs identified in the 2014 RNA.<sup>51</sup>

Table 7: Capacity Resource Additions since the April 2014 RNA Base Case

Generating Plant or unit	MW <sup>52</sup>	Note
Selkirk	348	Notice of Intent to mothball withdrawn
Dunkirk	435	Intent to return to service
Danskammer	495	Intent to return to service
Astoria 20	185	Intent to return to service
Ravenswood 3-3	-33	Notice of intent to mothball filed
Ravenswood 3-4	13	Returned to service
Bowline 2 <sup>53</sup>	557	Intent to return to full capacity
Binghamton BOP	41	Intent to return to service
DR/EE/CHP program	MW*	Note
ConEd	125	Case 12-E-0503, NYPSC order effective Nov. 4, 2013
Total Incremental MW	1986 <sup>54</sup>	

<sup>51</sup> See at

<sup>&</sup>lt;a href="http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/markets\_operations/services/planning\_Studies/Reliability\_Planning\_Studies/Reliability\_Notices/NYISO%20Letter%20Withdrawing%20Solicitation%20of%20Solutions%20November%2014%202014.pdf">http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/markets\_operations/services/planning\_Studies/Reliability\_Planning\_Studi

 $<sup>^{52}</sup>$  Rounded values representing the lesser of DMNC and CRIS for generators, and the program total for the DR/EE/CHP program.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> It is 179.9 MW in the Gold Book 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> This number reflects the incremental MW only, not the sum of full capacity MW for all resources.

Table 8 presents the market-based solutions and Transmission Owners' plans that were submitted in response to previous requests for solutions. These solutions were included in the 2012 CRP. In addition to these solutions, there are a number of other projects in the NYISO interconnection gueue that are moving forward through the interconnection process.

Table 8: Current Status of Tracked Market-Based Solutions and Transmission Owner Plans

Queue position	Project	Submitted	Zone	Original In-Service Date	Name Plate (MW)	CRIS (MW)	Summer (MW)	Proposal Type	Current Status	Included in 2014 RNA Base Case?
	Empire Generation							Resource		
69	Project	CRP 2008	F	Q1 2010	670	592.4	577.1	Proposal	In-Service	Yes
206	Back-to-Back HVDC, AC Line HTP	alternative regulated proposal in CRP 2005; CRP 2007, CRP 2008,	PJM to NYC	Q2 2011	660	660	660	Transmission Proposal	In-Service	Yes
153	ConEd M29 Project	CRP 2005	J	May-10	N/A	N/A	N/A	TO's Plans	In-Service	Yes
-	Sta 80 xfmr replacement	CRP 2012	В	2014	N/A	N/A	N/A	TO's Plans	In-Service	Yes
-	Ramapo Protection Addition	CRP2012	G	2013	N/A	N/A	N/A	TO's Plans	In-Service	Yes
-	5 Mile Road Substation	CRP2012	Α	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	TO's Plans	Sum 2015	Yes
201, 224	Gas Turbine NRG Astoria re-powering	CRP 2005, CRP 2007, CRP 2008, CRP 2012	J	Jun-10	278.9	155	250	Resource Proposal	Sum 2017	No
339	Station 255	CRP 2012	В	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	TO's Plans	Q4 2016	Yes
-	Clay – Teall #10 115kV	CRP2012	С	2016	N/A	N/A	N/A	TO's Plans	Q4 2017	Yes

## III.5. Revenue Analysis

The FERC's order directing the NYISO to submit an annual ICAP report stated that the NYISO should include a complete net revenue analysis to provide information about whether NYISO market revenues are adequate to incent new capacity resources in regions where capacity is needed. Where there is growing pressure on existing capacity, e.g., the reserve margin is shrinking; there should be a rise in combined revenues from energy and capacity markets.

As in the prior annual reports, the NYISO examined the level of "need" for additional capacity by looking at the percentage of capacity in excess of the applicable minimum Installed Capacity requirement. The NYISO then looked at possible revenues from the capacity, energy, and ancillary services markets for a hypothetical gas turbine which is similar to what was used to complete the revenue analysis in the prior reports. This analysis shows, in general, that there is a tendency for revenues to increase as the percentage of excess capacity decreases and vice versa.

#### III.5.1. Quantification of "Need"

For purposes of this analysis, the excess of capacity relative to the minimum requirement was used as a proxy for need. Capacity margin is calculated as:

Capacity margin % = 
$$\frac{\text{Availability}}{\text{Requirement}}$$
 x 100

Using this definition, a value in excess of 100% reflects an excess capacity margin. A relatively high value indicates less of a need for additional capacity and, conversely, declining values suggest an increased need.<sup>55</sup> The following Table 9 displays the required and available amounts of UCAP as calculated from detailed data from monthly certified capacity, auction offers, and sales awards.

		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	Requirement (MW)	35,045	34,684	35,076	35,467	35,812
NYCA	Available Cap. (MW)	37,272	38,041	37,881	36,177	36,081
	Capacity margin %	106.4%	109.7%	108.0%	102.0%	100.7%
	Requirement (MW)	8,336	8,832	8,897	9,325	9,471
NYC	Available Cap. (MW)	8,753	9,660	9,696	9,721	9,568
	Capacity margin %	105.0%	109.4%	109.0%	104.2%	101.0%
	Requirement (MW)	5,021	5,052	4,961	5,394	5,431
LI	Available Cap. (MW)	5,864 <sup>56</sup>	5,952	5,858	5,740	5,675
	Capacity margin %	116.8%	117.8%	118.1%	106.4%	104.9%
	Requirement (MW)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	13,495
G-J	Available Cap. (MW)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	13,610
	Capacity margin %	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	100.9%

**Table 9: Available Capacity vs. Required Capacity** 

In Table 9, the required NYCA UCAP is based on the annual NYCA Minimum Installed Capacity Requirement, and for each of the NYC, LI, and G-J Localities it is based on the respective Locational Minimum Installed Capacity Requirement. "Available Capacity" reflects the aggregate of UCAP ratings excluding the amount imported capacity via external transactions. <sup>57</sup> In the Summer 2014, the NYCA, NYC and LI Capacity margins reported in the table decreased from the 2013 levels due to the combination of retiring generating fleet and load growth primarily.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>55</sup> The use of "need" in this context is based on the revenue analysis and is not intended to infer whether there may be a system-specific need.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> The available UCAP for Long Island in 2010 was 5,864 MW; however, this table in the 2010 Annual Report incorrectly stated it was 5,662 MW. Consequently, as described in the 2011 and 2012 Annual Reports, the Capacity margin for Long Island in the 2010 Annual Report should have been stated as 116.8%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> In contrast to the forecasted figures used in the Gold Book, this table reflects data based on realized outcomes over the Summer Capability Periods.

#### III.5.2. Measure of Revenues

Because the current ICAP Demand Curves use a different proxy plant than that used to establish prior curves, for this report, the NYISO assumed a revenue requirement based on the proxy plant used for the analysis in the prior annual report; *i.e.*, the respective proxy plant used to establish the ICAP Demand Curves for the 2013-2014 Capability Year. This representation provides a direct comparison of the revenues and revenue margins for the past twelve months of market outcomes to those previously reported here by the NYISO. For consistency, the hypothetical unit used in this analysis for G-J Locality is based upon cost assumptions for the LMS100 used in the NYCA region and scaled up based upon information taken from the current Demand Curve reset.

Table 10 shows the annual revenue requirement for the hypothetical plants based on the assumptions used in the previous CAP Demand Curves. For the G-J Locality the annual revenue requirements have been adjusted for six months only — the 2014 Summer Capability Period — the period that corresponds with the implementation for the ICAP Demand Curves for the G-J Locality. The notional figures used for the New York City, LI, and G-J Localities are based on an LMS100 technology, and for NYCA, figures are based on GE 7FA combustion turbine without selective catalytic reduction.

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
NYCA	\$105,115	\$110,577	\$122,650	\$124,094	\$126,111
NYC	\$244,147	\$233,486	\$282,388	\$284,578	\$288,371
LI	\$211,069	\$214,785	\$263,070	\$262,912	\$263,455

n/a

n/a

G-J

Table 10: Annual Revenue Requirements in UCAP terms (\$/MW)

Note to Table 10: as with prior annual reports, this table is based on November of the year prior to the year stated in the first row, through October of the year stated, except that the Annual Revenue Requirements for the G-J Locality are based on the six months revenue requirement calculated for the Summer 2014 Capability Period.

n/a

Table 11 shows the revenues for individual markets (*i.e.*, the Energy, Ancillary Services (A/S), and the ICAP Spot Market Auction that the identified hypothetical peaking plant may have received based on actual LBMPs, natural gas prices, and other reasonable parameters used to calculate variable costs.<sup>58</sup> Only Summer 2014 revenues were calculated for units located in the G-J Locality to coincide with the creation of this Locality.

01/Demand\_Curve\_Study\_Report\_11-15-10\_Revised.pdf>. For NYCA, Heat Rate = 10,206 Btu/kWh, Variable Operating & Maintenance Costs (VOM) = \$1/MWh, and Forced Outage Rate = 3%; For NYC, LI, and Zone G Heat Rate = 9023 Btu/kWh, VOM = \$5/MWh, and Forced Outage Rate = 3.84%.

\$116.966

n/a

The assumed parameters for the 2013 ICAP Demand Curve benchmark combustion turbine are based on the NERA Demand Curve report (15 November 2010). See New York Independent System Operator, Inc., Errata Filing, Docket No. ER11-2224-000 (filed December 3, 2010) at Attachment 1 "Independent Study to Establish Parameters of the ICAP Demand Curve for the New York Independent System Operator," September 3, 2012 (Revised September 7, 2010, November 15, 2010), prepared by NERA Economic Consulting. The NERA report is available at <a href="http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_marketsing\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_marketsing\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_marketsing\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_marketsing\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_marketsing\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_marketsing\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_marketsing\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_marketsing\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_marketsing\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_markets\_operations/committees/bic\_icapwg/meeting\_marke

For this and previous reports, a model was used to calculate the Energy and Ancillary Services revenue for the respective hypothetical proxy plants: net Energy revenues are earned in hours when the Day-Ahead Market LBMP price exceeds the calculated variable cost; otherwise, Day-Ahead Ancillary Services revenues are earned. This approach is similar to the "standard method" used by the Market Monitoring Unit for the NYISO in its annual State of the Market reports.

In annual ICAP reports prior to 2011, Ancillary Services revenues were based on 10 minute reserve prices. For the 2011, 2012, 2013 and this report, the Ancillary Services revenues earned by the hypothetical LMS100 technology were based upon 10 minute reserve prices. Ancillary Service revenues for the hypothetical NYCA peaking plant are based on Day-Ahead 30-minute reserve prices. Because Table 12 and Chart 18 utilize data from Table 11, the adjustment reflected in Chart 18 also affected the corresponding NYCA revenue margins in Table 12 and Chart 18 for years 2010-2014.

ICAP Markets revenues were based on the ICAP Spot Market clearing prices for each Locality.

Table 11: Benchmark Annual Revenues in UCAP terms (\$/MW)<sup>59</sup>

	Table 11. Deficilitat Annual Nevenues III OCAL terms (\$\pi\text{wwv})													
			Rever	nue Elemen	ts in \$		Rev	enue Ele	ements a	s % of T	otal			
		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014			
	Energy	\$20,815	\$16,646	\$35,147	\$42,916	\$72,191	52%	80%	70%	47%	56%			
NYCA <sup>60</sup>	A/S	\$1,161	\$341	\$666	\$1,873	\$2,342	3%	2%	1%	2%	2%			
NYCA	Capacity	\$18,420	\$3,820	\$14,650	\$46,730	\$54,400	46%	18%	29%	51%	42%			
	Total	\$40,397	\$20,807	\$50,463	\$91,519	\$128,933	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%			
	Energy	\$59,052	\$59,028	\$55,634	\$55,634 \$59,779 \$67,		34%	41%	35%	31%	27%			
NYC	A/S	\$7,648	\$12,892	\$9,300	\$10,366	\$14,722	4%	9%	6%	5%	6%			
NIC	Capacity	\$104,600	\$72,440	\$95,550	\$124,320	\$169,380	61%	50%	60%	64%	67%			
	Total	\$171,299	\$144,360	\$160,483	\$194,465	\$251,499	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%			
	Energy	\$84,130	\$95,780	\$117,016	\$130,905	\$137,433	76%	86%	81%	68%	67%			
Long	A/S	\$5,356	\$11,400	\$6,971	\$6,388	\$9,322	5%	10%	5%	3%	5%			
Island	Capacity	\$20,790	\$3,840	\$20,180	\$54,720	\$59,130	19%	3%	14%	28%	29%			
	Total	\$110,276	\$111,020	\$144,168	\$192,013	\$205,885	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%			
	Energy	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$5,174	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	6%			
G-J	A/S	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$11,162	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	12%			
9-0	Capacity	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$72,980	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	82%			
	Total	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$89,316	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	100%			

Note to Table 11: as with prior annual reports, this table is based on November of the year prior to the year stated in the first row, through October of the year stated, except for the G-J Locality, which is based on the six months of revenues calculated for the Summer 2014 Capability Period

In order to assess revenue adequacy for purposes of this report, "Revenue Margin" is the metric used. "Revenue Margin" is Benchmark Revenues expressed as a percentage of Required Revenues. Revenue Margins are calculated as:

Revenue Margin % = 
$$\frac{\text{Benchmark Revenue}}{\text{Required Revenue}} x 100$$

<sup>59</sup> Because of the change in methodology beginning with the 2011 annual ICAP report, the Ancillary Services revenues shown in Table 10 for the NYCA were recast from those shown in the 2001 – 2010 annual reports, so all Table data was determined utilizing the same methodology.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> These values are for the Capital Zone (Zone F), which is used as a representation for revenues in the NYCA.

A higher value indicates a greater degree of adequacy of revenues using this approach. The following table displays the values of Revenue Margins for the hypothetical proxy plant.

**Table 12: Revenue Margins** 

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
NYCA	38%	19%	41%	74%	102%
NYC	70%	62%	57%	68%	87%
LI	52%	52%	55%	73%	78%
G-J	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	76%

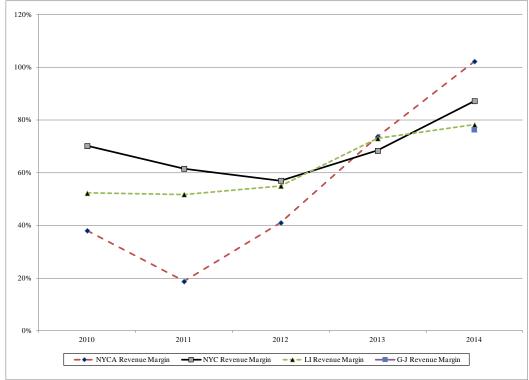
Note to Table 12: as with prior annual reports, this table is based on November of the year prior to the year stated in the first row, through October of the year stated, except for the G-J Locality which is based on the six months of revenues and revenue requirement calculated for the Summer Capability Period.

In 2014, Revenue Margins increased from prior levels in NYCA, NYC and LI, largely due to the increase in capacity revenues. To assess whether the revenue streams for the hypothetical plant is adequate in relation to the level of need for new capacity, data from Table 9 and Table 12 are graphed below, showing revenue (Chart 18) and Capacity (Chart 19) margins.

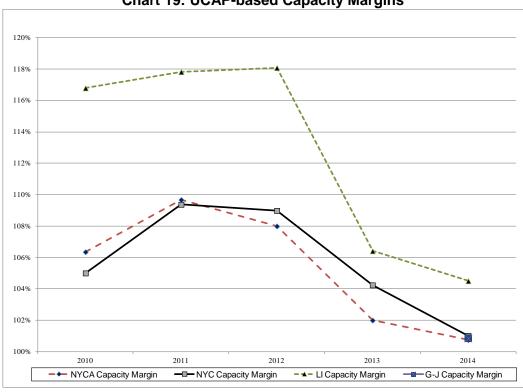
The capacity revenue component of the total net revenue as a percentage of the cost of new entry in the NYCA and in each Locality is depicted in Chart 20. The amount of excess capacity peaked in NYCA, NYC, and LI in 2011, and as a result, the capacity market revenues relative to the CONE requirements shown in this chart dropped precipitously, thereby appropriately signaling to the market that sufficient capacity already existed. As the amount of excess capacity above requirements continues to shrink, capacity market revenues increase. The effect of the reduced level of excess is reflected in higher revenue margins in 2014.

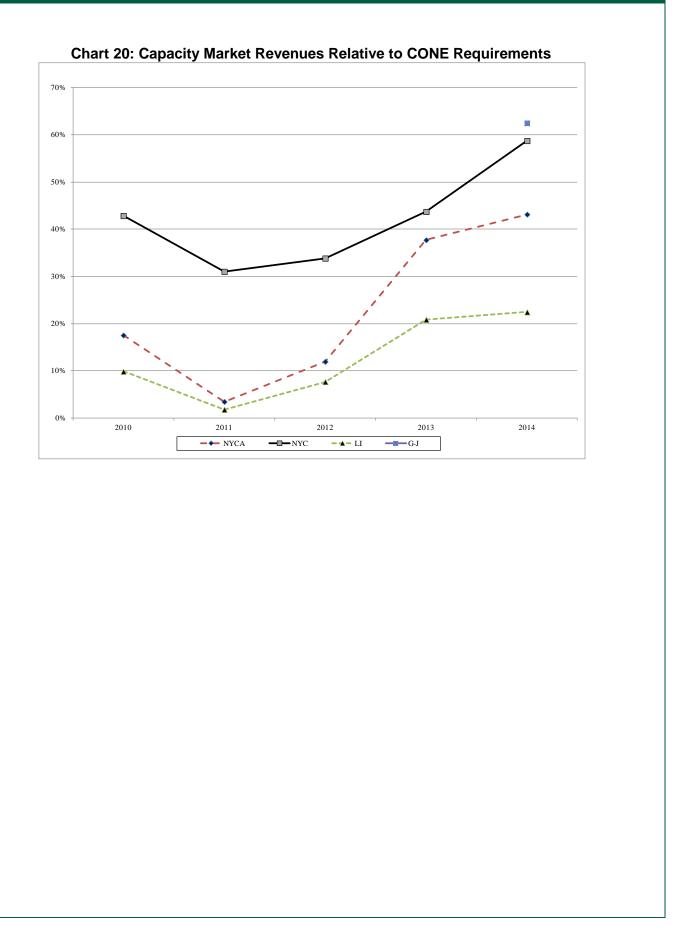
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>61</sup> 2011 State of Market Report, p. A-13.





**Chart 19: UCAP-based Capacity Margins** 





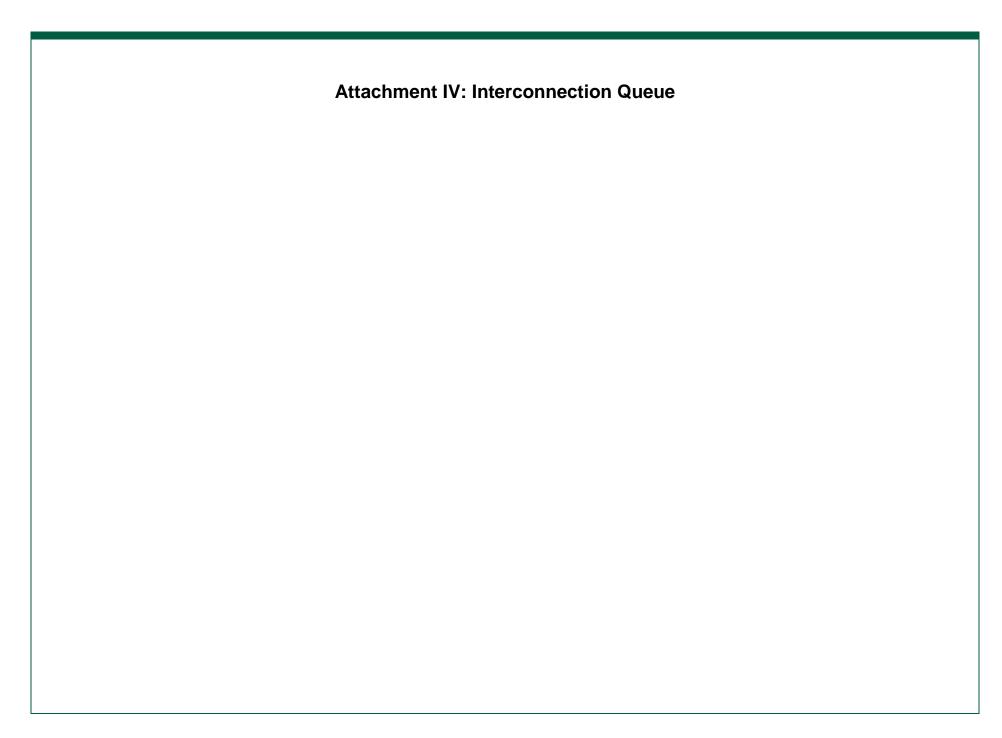
# **Attachments**

# **Attachment I: Unsold Capacity Offers (Masked)**

Masked PTID Name	AUCTION TYPE	AUCTION MONTH	LOCATION DESCRIPTION	OFFER CAPACITY MW	OFFER PRICE	AWARDED CAPACITY MW	MARKET CLEARING PRICE	UNSOLD MW
Unit 00	Spot	Apr-14	ROS	42.0	\$1.75	0.00	\$1.74	42.00
		4/1/2014 Total		42.0				42.00
		Grand Total		42.0				42.00

Att	tachment II: Confi	dential. Unsold	l Capacity Offe	rs (Unmasked	)
		(Not included with	the public filing.)		

Attachment III: C	Confidential. Market Participant Explanations	
	(Not included with the public filing.)	



# **Attachment IV: Interconnection Queue**

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Queue			Date	SP	WP	Type/	Location		Interconnection			Last	Availability	FS Complete/	•	Proposed
Pos.	Owner/Developer	Project Name	of IR	(MW)	(MW)	Fuel	County/State	Z	Point	Utility	S	Update	of Studies	SGIA Tender	In-Service	COD
154	KeySpan Energy for LIPA	Holtsville-Brentwood-Pilgrim	8/19/04	N/A		AC	Suffolk, NY		Holtsville & Pilgrim 138kV	LIPA	5	4/30/13	None		2017	
180A		Cody Rd	3/17/05	10	10		Madison, NY	С	Fenner - Cortland 115kV	NM-NG	12	4/30/14	None	6/15/09	2015/07	2015/07
197	PPM Roaring Brook, LLC / PPM	Roaring Brook Wind	7/1/05 8/17/05	78 200	78 200		Lewis, NY	E J	Boonville-Lowville 115kV	NM-NG CONED	11		FES, SRIS, FS	2/1/10 10/15/13	2015/10	2015/12 2017/10
201	NRG Energy	Berrians GT II	8/17/05	200 50	200 90		Queens, NY Queens . NY	J J	Astoria West Substation 138kV Astoria West Substation 138kV	CONED	10	5/31/14 5/31/14	FES, SRIS, FS	10/15/13	2017/07 2017/07	2017/10
224 237	NRG Energy, Inc. Allegany Wind, LLC	Allegany Wind	1/9/07	72.5	72.5	W W	Cattaraugus, NY	A	Homer Hill – Dugan Rd. 115kV	NM-NG	10 11		FES, SRIS, FS FES, SRIS, FS	11/30/11	2017/07	2017/10
251	CPV Valley, LLC	CPV Valley Energy Center	7/5/07	677.6	690.6		Orange, NY	G	Coopers – Rock Tavern 345kV	NYPA	10		FES, SRIS, FS	10/15/13	2015/06	2016/05
266	NRG Energy, Inc.	Berrians GT III	11/28/07	250	290		Queens, NY	J.	Astoria Annex 345kV	NYPA	9	10/31/14	FES. SRIS	10/13/13	2015/12	2016/05
270	Wind Development Contract Co LLC	Hounsfield Wind	12/13/07	244.8	244.8	W W	Jefferson, NY	E	Fitzpatrick - Edic 345kV	NYPA	6	3/31/13	FES, SRIS		2015/03	2015/06
276	Air Energie TCI, Inc.	Crown City Wind Farm	1/30/08	90	90	W	Cortland, NY	С	Cortland - Fenner 115kV	NM-NG	6	10/31/14	FES, SRIS		2013/12	2013/12
294	Orange & Rockland	Ramapo-Sugarloaf	4/29/08	N/A	N/A	AC	Orange/Rockland, NY	G	Ramapo - Sugarloaf 138kV	O&R	6	3/31/13	SIS		2014/Q2	2010/12
305	Transmission Developers Inc.	Champlain Hudson Power Express	7/18/08	1000	1000	DC	Quebec - NY, NY	J	Astoria Annex Substation 345kV	NYPA	9	10/31/14	FES. SRIS		2017/12	2017/12
310	•	Cricket Valley Energy Center	9/22/08	1019.9	1136			G	Pleasant Valley - Long Mt. 345kV	ConEd	9	11/30/13	FES, SRIS		2017/12	2018/01
331	National Grid	Northeast NY Reinforcement	4/22/09	N/A	N/A		Saratoga, NY	F	NGrid 230kV	NM-NG	12	10/31/11	SIS		2010-2019	2010/01
333	National Grid	Western NY Reinforcement	5/5/09	N/A	N/A		Cattaraugus, NY	Α	NGrid 115kV	NM-NG	6	10/31/13	SIS		2015/Q2	
338	RG&E	Brown's Race II	8/11/09	6.3	6.3	Н	Monroe, NY	В	Station 137 11kV	RG&E	10	10/31/14	None		2018/09	2018/09
339	RG&E	Transmission Reinforcement	8/17/09	N/A	N/A	AC	Monroe, NY	В	Niagara - Kintigh 345kV	RG&E	6	3/31/13	SIS		2016/12	2010/00
347	Franklin Wind Farm, LLC	Franklin Wind	12/2/09	50.4	50.4	W	Delaware, NY	E	Oakdale - Delhi 115kV	NYSEG	6	12/31/13	FES, SRIS		2015/12	2015/12
349	Taylor Biomass Energy-Montgomery, LLC	Taylor Biomass	12/30/09	19	22.5	SW	Orange, NY	G	Maybrook - Rock Tavern 69kV	CHGE	10	10/31/14	SRIS. FS	10/15/13	2015/09	2015/12
354	Atlantic Wind, LLC	North Ridge Wind	5/13/10	100	100	W	St. Lawrence, NY	E	Nicholville - Parishville 115kV	NM-NG	6	4/30/14	FES, SRIS		2017/10	2017/12
355	Brookfield Renewable Power	Stewarts Bridge Hydro	8/3/10	3	3	Н	Saratoga, NY	F	Spier Falls - EJ West 115kV	NM-NG	9, 14	10/31/14	SRIS		I/S	I/S
358	West Point Partners, LLC	West Point Transmission	9/13/10	1000	1000	DC	Greene, Westchester, NY	F, H	Leeds - Buchanan North 345kV	NM-NG/ConEd	6	1/31/14	FES, SRIS		2017/07	2017/07
360	NextEra Energy Resources, LLC	Watkins Glen Wind	12/22/10	122.4	122.4	W	Schuyler, NY	С	Bath - Montour Falls 115 kV	NYSEG	6	9/30/13	FES, SRIS		2015/07	2015/07
361	US PowerGen Co.	Luyster Creek Energy	2/15/11	401	444	CC-D	Queens, NY	J	Astoria West Substation 138kV	CONED	6	3/31/14	FES, SRIS		2017/06	2017/06
362	Monticello Hills Wind, LLC	Monticello Hills Wind	3/7/11	19.8	19.8	W	Otsego, NY	Е	W. Winfield - Richfield Spring 46k	NYSEG	10	5/31/14	None	3/18/13	2016/12	2016/12
363	Poseidon Transmission 1, LLC	Poseidon Transmission	4/27/11	500	500	DC	NJ - Suffolk, NY	K	Werner - Ruland Rd. 230kV	LIPA	5	9/30/13	FES		2016/06	2016/06
367	Orange & Rockland	North Rockland Transformer	9/14/11	TBD	TBD	AC	Rockland, NY	G	Line Y94 345kV	ConEd	6	4/30/14	SIS		2018/06	
368	Consolidated Edison Co. of NY	Feeder 76 Ramapo to Rock Tavern	10/13/11	TBD	TBD	AC	Orange, Rockland, NY	G	Ramapo to Rock Tavern 345 kV	ConEd/CenHud	6	4/30/14	SIS		2016/Q2	
371	South Mountain Wind, LLC	South Mountain Wind	10/31/11	18	18	W	Delaware, NY	Ε	River Rd Substation 46kV	NYSEG	7	10/31/14	None		2017/12	2017/12
372	Dry Lots Wind, LLC	Dry Lots Wind	10/31/11	33	33	W	Herkimer, NY	Ε	Schuyler - Whitesboro 46kV	NM-NG	6	10/31/14	FES, SRIS		2017/11	2017/11
373	New York Power Authority	Coopers Corners Shunt Reactor	12/21/11	N/A	N/A	AC	Sullivan, NY	Ε	Coopers Corners 345 kV	NYSEG	6	2/28/14	SIS		2014/10	
374	CPV Valley, LLC	CPV Valley II	2/21/12	820	820	CC-D	Wawayanda, NY	G	Rock Tavern-Coopers Corners 345kV	NYPA	5	10/31/14	None		2017/05	2017/05
377	Monroe County	Monroe County Mill Seat	3/16/12	3.2	3.2	М	Monroe, NY	В	Sanford Rd. 34.5kV	NM-NG	9	1/31/14	None		2015/Q4	2015/Q4
378	Invenergy NY LLC	Marsh Hill Wind	3/29/12	16.2	16.2		Steuben, NY	С	Jasper - Marshall Warriner 34.5kV		11	10/31/14	None	10/9/13	2014/10	2014/11
380	New York Power Authority	Marcy South Reinforcement	5/14/12	N/A	N/A		Oneida-Sullivan, NY	Е	Marcy/Edic-Coopers Corners 345kV	NYSEG	6	4/30/14	SIS		2016/Q2	
382	Astoria Generating Co.	South Pier Improvement	5/30/12	88	190		Kings, NY	J	Gowanus Substation 138kV	ConEd	6	3/31/14	SRIS		2016/06	2016/06
383	NRG Energy, Inc.	Bowline Gen. Station Unit #3	5/30/12	775	814		Rockland, NY	G	Ladentown Subsation 345kV	O&R/ConEd	6	3/31/14	SRIS		2016/01	2016/06
384	National Grid	Knickerbocker Pleasant Valley	6/15/12	TBD	TBD	AC			Knickerbocker - P. Valley 345kV	NM-NG/ConEd	6	7/31/13	SIS		2018	
385	National Grid	Hudson Valley Reinforcement	6/15/12	TBD	TBD	AC			N. Scotland-Leeds-P. Valley 345kV	NM-NG/ConEd	6	7/31/13	SIS		2018	
386	GII Development LLC	Grand Isle Intertie	6/28/12	400	400	AC	Clinton, NY - VT	D	Plattsburgh 230kV-New Haven, VT 345kV	NYPA	5	10/31/14	FES		2018/06	2018/06
387	Cassadaga Wind, LLC	Cassadaga Wind	7/19/12	126	126	W	Chautauqua, NY	Α	Dunkirk – Moon Station 115 kV	NM-NG	5	1/31/14	FES		2015/10	2015/12
390	Trail Co.	Farmers Valley Substation	9/14/12	TBD	TBD	AC	Cattaraugus, NY - PA	A	Homer City - Stolle Rd. 345kV	NM-NG/NYSEG	•	7/31/14	SIS		2016/06	
391	North America Transmission, LLC		9/21/12	TBD	TBD	AC	Oneida-Delaware, NY	E	Edic - Fraser 345kV	NM-NG/NYSEG	•	11/30/13	FES		2017/11	2017/11
392	Exelon Corporation	Scriba-Volney	10/5/12	TBD	TBD	AC	Oswego, NY	C	Scriba - Volney 345kV	NM-NG/NYSEG	•	11/30/13	SIS		2015/03	
393	NRG Energy, Inc.	Berrians East Repower	10/16/12	102.3	53	CC-D	Queens , NY	J	Astoria East Substation 138kV	CONED	5	3/31/14	FES		2018/06	2018/06

# **Attachment IV: Interconnection Queue**

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Queue			Date	SP	WP	Type/	Location		Interconnection		_	Last	Availability	FS Complete/ Proposed	Proposed
-	Owner/Developer	Project Name	of IR	(MW)	(MW)	Fuel	County/State	Z	Point	Utility	S	Update	of Studies	SGIA Tender In-Service	COD
	Trail Co.	Mainesburg Substation	10/16/12	TBD	TBD	AC	Chemung, NY - PA		Homer City - Watercure 345kV	NYSEG	6	7/31/14	SIS	2015/06	
	Copenhagen Wind Farm, LLC		11/12/12	79.9	79.9	W	Lewis, NY	E	East Watertown 115kV	NM-NG	5	6/30/14	FES	2016/10	2016/12
	Baron Winds, LLC	Baron Winds	11/30/12	300	300	W	Steuben, NY	С	Hillside - Meyer 230kV	NYSEG	5	6/30/14	FES	2016/12	2016/12
	New York State Electric & Gas	Wood Street Transformer	12/14/12	TBD	TBD	AC	Putnum, NY	G	Wood St. 345/115kV	NYSEG	5	11/30/13	None	2017/12	
	EDP Renewables North America	Jericho Rise Wind	12/21/12	79.9	79.9	W	Franklin, NY	D	Willis Substation 115kV	NYPA	6	6/30/14	SRIS	2015/11	2015/11
	Black Oak Wind Farm, LLC	Black Oak Wind	1/10/13	12.6	12.6	W	Tompkins, NY	С	Montour - Coddington 115kV	NYSEG	9	6/30/14	None	2015/09	2015/11
	East Coast Power LLC	Linden Cogen Uprate	3/4/13	208			Linden, NJ-NY,NY	J	Linden Cogen 345kV	ConEd	2	4/30/13	None	2016/Q2	2016/Q2
401	Caithness Long Island II, LLC	Caithness Long Island II	3/22/13	764	807	CC-D	Suffolk, NY	K	Sills Road Substation 138kV	LIPA NM-NG/NYPA/	5	11/30/13	None	2017/04	2017/05
	NextEra Energy Transmission	Marcy - PV 345	5/17/13	TBD	TBD	AC	Oneida-Dutchess, NY		•	ConEd	3	10/31/13	None	2017/07	2017/08
403	PSEG Power New York	Bethlehem Energy Center Up		72	51.2	CS	Albany, NY	F	Bethlehem Energy Center	NM-NG	5	4/30/14	None	2017-2018	
404	NextEra Energy Transmission	Princetown - Rotterdam 230	6/4/13	TBD	TBD	AC	Schenectady, NY	F	Princetown - Rotterdam 230kV	NM-NG	3	1/31/14	None	2017/07	2017/08
405	NextEra Energy Transmission	Oakdale - Fraser 345	6/21/13	TBD	TBD	AC	Broome-Delaware, N'			NYSEG NM-NG/NYPA/	4	7/31/14	FES	2018/07	2018/08
406	NextEra Energy Transmission	Marcy - KB - PV 345	6/21/13	TBD	TBD	AC	Oneida-Dutchess, NY	E-G	Marcy - P. Valley 345kV	ConEd	3	10/31/13	None	2017/07	2017/08
407	National Grid	Edic-N.Scotland-Leed-PV	7/1/13	TBD	TBD	AC	Oneida-Dutchess, NY	E-G	Edic - Pleasant Valley 345kV	NM-NG	5	12/31/13	None	2018/12	
	National Grid	Edic-Princetown-N.Scotland-Leeds-PV	7/1/13	TBD	TBD	AC	Oneida-Dutchess, NY	E, G	Edic - Pleasant Valley 345kV	NM-NG	5	12/31/13	None	2018/12	
409	National Grid	Edic-Knickerbocker-PV	7/1/13	TBD	TBD	AC	Oneida-Dutchess, NY	E, G	Edic - Pleasant Valley 345kV	NM-NG	5	12/31/13	None	2018/12	
410	National Grid	Edic-Princetown-Knickerbocker-PV	7/1/13	TBD	TBD	AC	Oneida-Dutchess, NY	E, G	Edic - Pleasant Valley 345kV	NM-NG	5	12/31/13	None	2018/12	
412	New York State Electric & Gas	Oakdale - Fraser 345	8/20/13	TBD	TBD	AC	Broome-Delaware, N'	C, E	Oakdale - Fraser 345kV	NYSEG	5	12/31/13	None	2017/05	
413	National Grid	Edic-PrinceN.Scotland-KnickPV	8/21/13	TBD	TBD	AC	Oneida-Dutchess, NY	E, G	Edic - Pleasant Valley 345kV	NM-NG	5	12/31/13	None	2018/06	
414	North America Transmission, LLC	New Scotland-Leeds-PV 345	9/5/13	TBD	TBD	AC	Albany-Dutchess, NY	F, G	New Scotland - P. Valley 345kV	NM-NG/ConEd	3	1/31/14	None	2017/11	2017/11
416	NextEra Energy Transmission	Marcy - KB - PV 345 (2)	9/9/13	TBD	TBD	AC	Oneida-Dutchess, NY	E, G	Marcy - P. Valley 345kV	ConEd NM-NG/NYPA/	3	1/31/14	None	2017/07	2017/08
417	NextEra Energy Transmission	Marcy - KB - PV 345 (3)	9/9/13	TBD	TBD	AC	Oneida-Dutchess, NY	E, G	Marcy - P. Valley 345kV	ConEd	3	1/31/14	None	2017/07	2017/08
418	NextEra Energy Transmission	Marcy - NS - PV 345	9/9/13	TBD	TBD	AC	Oneida-Dutchess, NY	E, G	Marcy - P. Valley 345kV	NM-NG/NYPA/ ConEd NM-NG/NYPA/	4	9/30/14	FES	2017/07	2017/08
419	NextEra Energy Transmission	Marcy - NS - KB - PV 345	9/16/13	TBD	TBD	AC	Oneida-Dutchess, NY	E, G	Marcy - P. Valley 345kV	ConEd NM-NG/NYPA/	3	1/31/14	None	2017/07	2017/08
420	NextEra Energy Transmission	Marcy - KB - PV 345 (4)	9/16/13	TBD	TBD	AC	Oneida-Dutchess, NY	E, G	Marcy - P. Valley 345kV	ConEd	3	1/31/14	None	2017/07	2017/08
421	EDP Renewables North America	Arkwright Summit	11/1/13	78	78	W	Chautauqua, NY	Α	Dunkirk – Falconer 115 kV	NM-NG	5	11/30/14	None	2015/08	2015/11
422	NextEra Energy Resources, LLC	Call Hill Wind	11/7/13	102	102	W	Steuben-Allegany, N\	В	Andover Station 115kV	NG/NYSEG	3	10/31/14	None	2017/Q3	2017/Q4
424	Boundless Energy NE, LLC	Leeds Path West	11/26/13	TBD	TBD	AC	Greene-Westchester, NY	G-J	Leeds - Millwood 345kV	NM-NG/NYPA/ Cen Hud/ConEd/NYSEG	3	6/30/14	None	2017/06	2017/07
425	NextEra Energy Resources, LLC	Brookfield Wind Energy	12/11/13	100.3	100.3	W	Chenango, Madison, NY	Ε	Chadwicks Station 115kV	NM- NG/NYSEG	3	6/30/14	None	2017/Q3	2017/Q4
427	Island Park Energy Center, LLC	Island Park Energy Center CCPP	1/24/14	268	295	CT-NG	Nassau, NY	K	Barrett Power Station 138kV	LIPA	5	11/30/14	None	2019/02	2019/05
428	Island Park Energy Center, LLC	Island Park Energy Center SCPP	1/24/14	262	252	CT-NG	Nassau, NY	K	Barrett Power Station 138kV	LIPA	5	11/30/14	None	2017/02	2017/05
429	Orange & Rockland	North Rockland Station	2/12/14	TBD	TBD	AC	Rockland, NY	G	Line Y88 345kV	ConEd	5	6/30/14	None	2018/06	
430	H.Q. Energy Services U.S. Inc.	Cedar Rapids Transmission	3/5/14	TBD	TBD	AC	St. Lawrence, NY	Ε	Dennison - Alcoa 115kV	NM-NG	5	10/31/14	None	2017/Q1	
431	Greenidge Generation	Greenidge Unit #4	4/11/14	106.3	106.3	ST-C	Yates, NY	С	Greenidge Substation 115kV	NYSEG	5	10/31/14	None	2015/Q1	2015/Q1
432	New York State Electric & Gas	South Perry Transformer	4/15/14	TBD	TBD	AC	Wyoming, NY	В	South Perry Substation 115kV	NYSEG	5	8/31/14	None	2017/12	
439	Boston Energy Trading	East Garden City-Valley Stream	5/9/14	TBD	TBD	AC	Nassau, NY	K	E. Garden City-Valley Stream 138kV	LIPA	5	11/30/14	None	N/A	N/A
440	Erie Power, LLC	Erie Power	6/2/14	79.4	88	CC-NG	Chautauqua, NY	Α	South Ripley Substation 230kV	NM-NG	5	11/30/14	None	2015/04	2015/04
441	East Hampton Solar Farm, LLC	East Hampton Solar	6/9/14	60	60	S	Suffolk, NY	K	Buell Substation 69kV	LIPA	3	11/30/14	None	2015/10	2015/12
442	Riverhead Solar Farm, LLC	Riverhead Solar	6/9/14	60	60	S	Suffolk, NY	K	Edwards Substation 69kV	LIPA	2	7/31/14	None	2015/10	2015/12
443	Manorville Solar, LLC	Manorville Solar	6/9/14	16	16	S	Suffolk, NY	K	Riverhead - Eastport 69kV	LIPA	5	11/30/14	None	2016/11	2016/11
444	Cricket Valley Energy Center, LLC	Cricket Valley Energy Center II	6/18/14	1020	1132	CC-NG	Dutchess, NY	G	Pleasant Valley - Long Mt. 345kV	ConEd	5	11/30/14	None	2017/12	2018/06
445	Lighthouse Wind, LLC	Lighthouse Wind	6/30/14	201.3	201.3	W	Niagara, NY	Α	AES Somerset Substation 345kV	NM-NG	3	11/3014	None	2017/09	2017/12
447	FTS Devco LLC	East Hampton Expansion	7/25/14	20	20	S	Suffolk, NY	K	Amagansett Substation 69kV	LIPA	2	10/31/14	None	2015/10	2015/12

### **Attachment IV: Interconnection Queue**

Queue			Date	SP	WP	Type/	Location		Interconnection			Last	Availability	FS Complete/ F	Proposed	Proposed
Pos.	Owner/Developer	Project Name	of IR	(MW)	(MW)	Fuel	County/State	z	Point	Utility	s	Update	of Studies	SGIA Tender I	n-Service	COD
448	Alps Interconnector, LLC	Alps HVDC	8/12/14	600	600	DC	NE-Rensselaer, NY	F	Alps Substation 345kV	NM-NG	2	10/31/14	None		2019/06	2019/06
449	Stockbridge Wind, LLC	Stockbridge Wind	8/13/14	72.6	72.6	W	Madison, NY	Е	Whitman - Oneida 115kV	NM-NG	2	9/30/14	None		2016/10	2016/12
450	Stacy Solar Center, LLC	Stacy Solar	8/20/14	20	20	S	Greene, NY	G	Coxsackie Substation 69kV	CenHud	2	10/31/14	None		2016/05	2016/05
455	Roseway Solar, LLC	Roseway Solar	8/21/14	19.9	19.9	S	Sullivan, NY	Ε	34.5kV	NYSEG	2	10/31/14	None		2015/10	2015/10
456	ESA Solar NY, LLC	Woodhull Solar	9/9/14	14.4	14.4	S	Steuben, NY	С	Woodhull Substation	NYSEG	1	10/31/14	None		2014/12	2014/12
458	TDI-USA Holdings, Inc.	NS Interconnection	10/24/14	1000	1000	DC	Albany - NY, NY	F, J	New Scotland - Astoria 345kV	NM-NG/NYPA	1	10/31/14	None	:	2018/Q4	2018/Q4

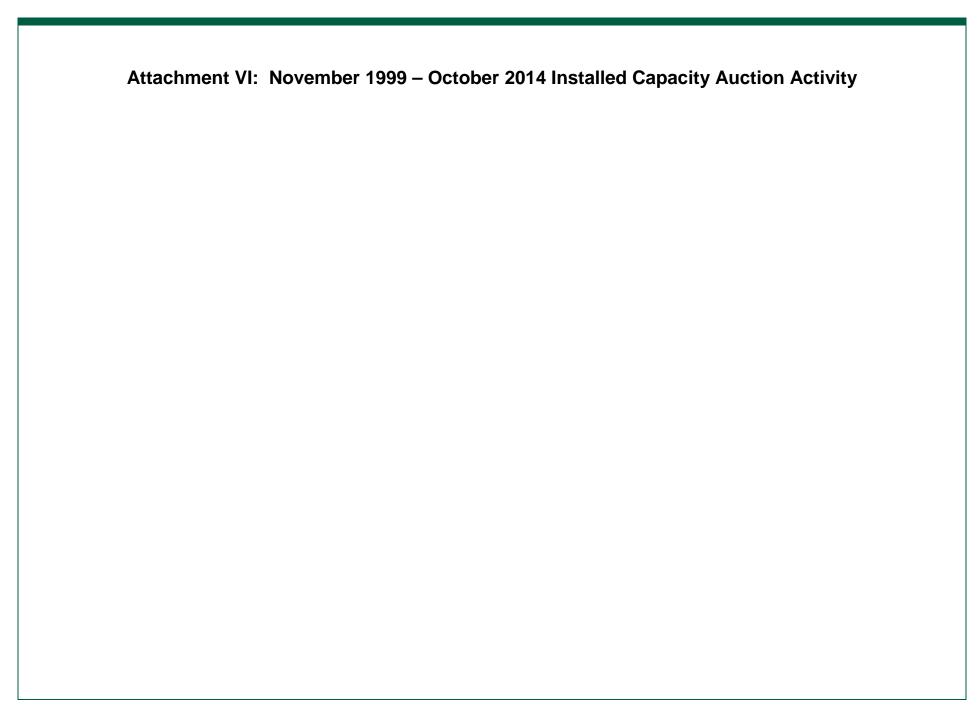
Number of new projects during November	2
Number of new projects year to date	34
Number withdrawn during November	0
Number withdrawn year to date	21

NOTES: • The column labeled 'SP' refers to the maximum summer megawatt electrical output. The column labeled 'WP' refers to the maximum winter megawatt electrical output.

- Type / Fuel. Key: ST=Steam Turbine, CT=Combustion Turbine, CC=Combined Cycle, CS= Steam Turbine & Combustion Turbine, H=Hydro, PS=Pumped Storage, W=Wind, NU=Nuclear, NG=Natural Gas, M=Methane, SW=Solid Waste, S=Solar, Wo=Wood, F=Flywheel ES=Energy Storage, O=Oil, C=Coal, D=Dual Fuel, AC=AC Transmission, DC=DC Transmission, L=Load
- The column labeled 'Z' refers to the zone
- The column labeled 'S' refers to the status of the project in the NYISO's LFIP. Key: 1=Scoping Meeting Pending, 2=FES Pending, 3=FES in Progress, 4=SRIS/SIS Pending, 5=SRIS/SIS Approved, 7=FS Pending, 8=Rejected Cost Allocation/Next FS Pending, 9=FS in Progress, 10=Accepted Cost Allocation/IA in Progress, 11=IA Completed, 12=Under Construction, 13=In Service for Test, 14=In Service Commercial, 0=Withdrawn
- Availability of Studies Key: None=Not Available, FES=Feasibility Study Available, SRIS=System Reliability Impact Study Available, FS=Facilities Study and/or ATRA Available
- FS Complete/SGIA Tender refers to the Attachment X milestone used to apply the 4-year COD limitation.
- Proposed in-service dates and Commerical Operation Dates (COD) are shown in format Year/Qualifier, where Qualifier may indicate the month, season, or quarter.

# **Attachment V: Status Key for Interconnection Queue**

1	Scoping Meeting Pending	Interconnection Request has been received, but scoping meeting has not yet occurred
2	FESA Pending	Awaiting execution of Feasibility Study Agreement
3	FES in Progress	Feasibility Study is in Progress
4	SRIS Pending	Awaiting execution of SRIS Agreement and/or OC approval of SRIS scope
5	SRIS in Progress	
6	SRIS Approved	SRIS Approved by NYISO Operating Committee
7	FS Pending	Awaiting execution of Facilities Study Agreement
8	Rejected Cost Allocation/ Next FS Pending	Project was in prior Class Year, but rejected cost allocation—Awaiting execution of Facilities Study Agreement for next Class Year or the start of the next Class Year
9	FS in Progress	Class Year Facilities Study or Small Generator Facilities Study is in Progress
10	Accepted Cost Allocation/ IA in Progress	Interconnection Agreement is being negotiated
11	IA Completed	Interconnection Agreement is executed and/or filed with FERC
12	Under Construction	Project is under construction
13	In Service for Test	
14	In Service Commercial	



					NYCA								NYC								LI								3-114	ocality			
	Capab	bility	Mont		Spot Ma	arket	Minimum	Excess	Capal	oility	Mont		Spot N	Iarket	Minimum	Excess	Capa	bility	Mo	nthly		Market	Minimum	Excess	Capa	bility		Monthly	J-J E(	Spot M		Minimum	Excess
	Period*	-	Auct				Required	Sold	Period*		Auct				Required	Sold	Per	iod*		ction			Required	Sold	Per	iod*		Auction		•		Required	
																	(St								(St								
Month	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	MW	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	MW	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	MW	MW	Price	M	W Pr	ice	MW	Price	MW	MW
Nov-99							35,563.1								8,305.6								4,555.3										
Dec-99							35,563.1								8,305.6								4,555.3										
Jan-00	Installed				d but all pu	rchases	35,563.1				pacity Ma				8,305.6					Market I			4,555.3										
Feb-00		an	d sales w	ere bila	teral		35,563.1		1	purchase	s and sal	es were	bilateral		8,305.6		I	ourchas	es and s	sales wer	re bilate	eral	4,555.3										
Mar-00 Apr-00							35,563.1 35,563.1								8,305.6 8,305.6							-	4,555.3 4,555.3										
	1.074.0	<b>01.</b> 7	121.2	61.2	22.7	Φ0.5		1.076.0	5 400 O	Φ0.0	50.4	610.5	0.0				0.0		0.0		0.0												
May-00	1,976.0	\$1.5 \$1.5	434.2 528.4	\$1.3 \$1.4	32.7 37.1	\$0.5 \$1.3	35,636.0 35,563.1	1,976.0 1,976.0	5,408.8 5,408.8	\$8.8 \$8.8	59.4 313.4	\$12.5 \$9.5	0.0 52.7	\$12.5	8,272.0 8,272.0		0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	4,638.0 4,638.0										
Jun-00 Jul-00	1,976.0 1,976.0	\$1.5	344.2		140.8	\$1.3			5,408.8				100.0	\$12.5	8,272.0		0.0		0.0	-	0.0	+ -	4,638.0										
	1,976.0	\$1.5	351.4	\$1.8 \$1.6	194.8	\$1.8	35,563.1 35,563.1	1,976.0 1,976.0	5,408.8	\$8.8 \$8.8	342.7 332.6	\$9.4 \$9.4	133.9	\$12.5	8,272.0		0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	+ -	4,638.0										
Aug-00 Sep-00	1,976.0	\$1.5	648.9	\$1.0	81.3	\$1.0	35,563.1	1,976.0	5,408.8	\$8.8	344.5	\$9.4	149.5	\$12.5	8,272.0		0.0		0.0	-	0.0	1 -	4,638.0										
Oct-00	1,976.0	\$1.5	681.6	\$1.3	96.9	\$0.9	35,563.1	1,976.0	5,408.8	\$8.8	304.2	\$9.4	214.0	\$12.5	8,272.0		0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	+ -	4,638.0										
Nov-00	4,010.6	\$1.0	1,813.6	\$1.0	157.7	\$0.8	35,563.1	4,010.6	4,861.4	\$8.8	735.0	\$8.7	170.3	\$8.8	8,272.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	+	4,638.0										
Dec-00	4,010.6	\$1.0	1,854.1	\$1.0	167.2	\$0.8	35,563.1	4,010.6	4,861.4	\$8.8	785.1	\$8.7	154.8	\$8.8	8,272.0		0.0		0.0	<del>-</del>	0.0	+-	4,638.0										
Jan-01	4,010.6	\$1.0	1,847.6	\$1.0	170.5	\$0.9	35,563.1	4,010.6	4,861.4	\$8.8	899.5	\$8.7	154.8	\$8.8	8,272.0		0.0		0.0	_	0.0	+-	4,638.0										
Feb-01	4,010.6	\$1.0	1,893.8	\$1.0	177.2	\$0.8	35,563.1	4,010.6	4,861.4	\$8.8	921.7	\$8.7	154.8	\$8.8	8,272.0		0.0	_	0.0	_	0.0	+	4,638.0										
Mar-01	4,010.6		2,032.8	\$1.0	208.1	\$0.8	35,563.1	4,010.6	4,861.4	\$8.8	936.5	\$8.7	156.0	\$8.8	8,272.0		0.0	_	0.0	_	0.0	<del> </del> -	4,638.0										
Apr-01	4.010.6	\$1.0	1,659.7	\$0.9	192.3	\$0.6	35,563.1	4,010.6	4,861.4	\$8.8	985.6	\$8.6	156.7	\$8.7	8,272.0		0.0		0.0	_	0.0	+	4,638.0										
May-01	2,738.6	\$1.9	852.3	\$2.3	1,022.2	\$9.6	36,132.0	2,738.6	5,316.6	\$8.8	248.7	\$8.8	235.1	\$12.5	8,375.0	(est.)	0.0	-	0.0	-	3.2	\$10.8	4,625.0										
Jun-01	2,738.6	\$1.9	397.6	\$2.7	1,521.0	\$9.4	36,132.0	2,738.6	5,316.6	\$8.8	228.4	\$10.9	299.0	\$12.2	8,375.0	(est.)	0.0	-	0.0	-	7.0	\$10.8	4,625.0										
Jul-01	2,738.6	\$1.9	1,776.6	\$4.3	1,534.9	\$9.4	36,132.0	2,738.6	5,316.6	\$8.8	407.8	\$9.8	292.5	\$8.8	8,375.0	(est.)	0.0	-	0.0	-	20.2		4,625.0										
Aug-01	2,738.6	\$1.9	1,788.4	\$4.6	1,601.3	\$9.4	36,132.0	2,738.6	5,316.6	\$8.8	440.1	\$8.4	350.1	\$9.5	8,375.0	(est.)	0.0	-	0.0	-	21.3	\$10.8	4,625.0										
Sep-01	2,738.6	\$1.9	1,701.2	\$4.2	1,498.0	\$9.2	36,132.0	2,738.6	5,316.6	\$8.8	434.9	\$8.4	316.0	\$8.3	8,375.0	(est.)	0.0	-	0.0	-	33.0	\$10.8	4,625.0										
Oct-01	2,738.6	\$1.9	1,787.1	\$4.0	1,473.4	\$9.1	36,132.0	2,738.6	5,316.6	\$8.8	430.1	\$8.0	343.4	\$8.7	8,375.0	(est.)	0.0	-	0.0	-	33.0	\$10.8	4,625.0										
Nov-01	1,760.4	\$2.0	878.0	\$0.1	5.8	\$ -	32,892.3	1,760.4	3,972.5	\$9.4	772.8	\$9.0	77.7	\$4.8	7,613.3		0.0	-	0.6	\$3.5	8.5	\$12.3	4,077.6										
Dec-01	1,760.4	\$2.0	687.2	\$0.5	6.5	\$ -	32,892.3	1,760.4	3,972.5	\$9.4	906.8	\$6.9	11.5	\$ -	7,613.3		0.0	-	1.3	\$3.5	37.4	\$12.3	4,077.6										
Jan-02	1,760.4	\$2.0	750.5	\$0.8	133.0	\$0.8	32,892.3	1,760.4	3,972.5	\$9.4	492.6	\$5.5	377.3	\$8.3	7,613.3		0.0	-	1.3	\$5.0	39.7	\$12.3	4,077.6										
Feb-02	1,760.4	\$2.0	836.2	\$0.7	25.5	\$ -	32,892.3	1,760.4	3,972.5	\$9.4	631.1	\$6.7	229.3	\$9.2	7,613.3		0.0	-	0.0	\$ -	40.6	\$11.5	4,077.6										
Mar-02	1,760.4	\$2.0	901.3	\$0.6	30.0	\$0.3	32,892.3	1,760.4	3,972.5	\$9.4	784.3	\$6.9	90.6	\$7.5	7,613.3		0.0	-	14.0	\$11.5	26.4	\$11.5	4,077.6										
Apr-02	1,760.4	\$2.0	677.9	\$0.7	5.6	\$0.0	32,892.3	1,760.4	3,972.5	\$9.4	932.9	\$7.1	11.6	\$9.4	7,613.3		0.0	-	41.4	\$11.5	0.0	-	4,077.6										
May-02	3,201.6	\$1.8	552.1	\$0.3	2.3	\$ -	32,479.5	3,201.6	4,355.2	\$9.2	684.1	\$9.4	30.5	\$9.4	7,621.6		0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	4,177.8										
Jun-02	3,201.6	\$1.8	438.3	\$0.4	20.3	\$0.0	32,479.5	3,201.6	4,355.2	\$9.2	671.2	\$6.1	16.7	\$0.5	7,621.6		0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	4,177.8										
Jul-02	3,201.6	\$1.8	721.9	\$1.0	11.1	\$0.0	32,479.5	3,201.6	4,355.2	\$9.2	684.7	\$5.3	0.3	\$0.0	7,621.6		0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	4,177.8										
Aug-02	3,201.6	\$1.8	722.6	\$0.9	55.4	\$0.0	32,479.5	3,201.6	4,355.2	\$9.2	693.8	\$5.2	15.1	\$2.0	7,621.6		0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	4,177.8										
Sep-02	3,201.6	\$1.8	714.0	\$0.3	71.2	\$0.0	32,479.5	3,201.6	4,355.2	\$9.2	688.4	\$4.8	24.5	\$0.0	7,621.6		0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	4,177.8										
Oct-02	3,201.6	\$1.8	712.1	\$0.2	1.4	\$ -	32,479.5	3,201.6	4,355.2	\$9.2	699.0	\$4.7	19.2	\$2.0	7,621.6		0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0		4,177.8										
Nov-02	3,486.7	_	1,024.3	\$0.5	85.0	\$0.4	34,169.7	3,486.7	4,540.0	\$7.0	748.1	\$6.4	61.1	\$4.1	8,021.8		0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	4,256.2										
Dec-02	3,486.7	\$0.7	1,219.3	\$0.3	51.4	\$0.1	34,169.7	3,486.7	4,540.0	\$7.0	762.7	\$4.1	29.9	\$2.8	8,021.8		0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	4,256.2										
Jan-03	3,486.7	\$0.7	1,584.4	\$0.3	189.1	\$2.1	34,169.7	3,486.7	4,540.0	\$7.0	787.9	\$4.0	13.3	\$2.1	8,021.8		0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	4,256.2										
Feb-03	3,486.7	\$0.7	1,623.1	\$0.3	85.6	\$0.5	34,169.7	3,486.7	4,540.0	\$7.0	808.6	\$3.5	1.5	\$3.0	8,021.8		0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	4,256.2										
Mar-03	3,486.7	\$0.7	1,825.9	\$0.3	58.8	\$0.3	34,169.7	3,486.7	4,540.0	\$7.0	799.7	\$4.0	21.9	\$4.0	8,021.8		0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	4,256.2										
Apr-03	3,486.7	\$0.7	1,571.5	\$0.2	4.2	\$0.0	34,169.7	3,486.7	4,540.0	\$7.0	829.7	\$3.4	9.1	\$3.6	8,021.8		0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	4,256.2										
May-03	2,889.2	\$1.7	1,634.8	\$1.3	101.5	\$0.3	35,303.5	0.0	2,501.7	\$11.2	3,016.3	\$10.0	110.2	\$12.4	8,356.7	0.0	6.6	\$9.4	2.2	\$24.0	0.2	\$23.0	4,415.3	0.0									
Jun-03	2,889.2	\$1.7	1,866.0	\$1.1	2,148.7	\$2.3	35,303.5	2,073.2	2,501.7	\$11.2	683.0	\$13.8	2,375.5	\$11.5	8,356.7	0.0	6.6	\$9.4	0.0		341.9		4,415.3	341.9									
Jul-03	2,889.2	\$1.7	1,249.2	\$2.0	2,824.2	\$2.3	35,303.5	2,274.1	2,501.7	\$11.2	527.9	\$11.6	2,558.0	\$11.5	8,356.7	0.0	6.6	\$9.4	1.0	\$5.0	344.7		4,415.3	344.7									
Aug-03	2,889.2	\$1.7	1,344.1	\$2.0	3,096.6	\$2.3	35,303.5	2,299.3	2,501.7	\$11.2	567.9	\$11.6	2,497.9	\$11.5	8,356.7	0.0	6.6	\$9.4	1.1	\$5.0	441.8		4,415.3	441.8									
Sep-03 Oct-03	2,889.2	\$1.7	1,396.7	\$2.0	3,134.1	\$2.1	35,303.5	2,448.1	2,501.7	\$11.2	558.1	\$11.6	2,499.5	\$11.5	8,356.7	0.0	6.6	\$9.4	0.0		397.8		4,415.3	396.2									
Oct-03	2,889.2	\$1.7	1,408.4	\$1.9	3,253.2	\$2.0	35,303.5	2,504.8	2,501.7	\$11.2	638.8	\$11.0	2,415.1	\$11.5	8,356.7	0.0	6.6	\$9.4	0.0		397.8	\$4.6	4,415.3	396.0									I

<sup>\*</sup> Starting May 2006, Monthly Auction prices and quantities are reported for the upcoming auction month only

					NYCA								NYC								LI							G-J	Local	itv		
	Capab	oility	Mon		Spot M	arket	Minimum	Excess	Capal	bility	Mont	hly	Spot M	larket	Minimum	Excess	Capa	bility	Mor	nthly		Market	Minimum	Excess	Capa	ability		Monthly	_	t Market	Minimum	Excess
	Period*	(Strip)	Auc	tion			Required	Sold	Period*	(Strip)	Aucti	ion			Required	Sold		iod*	Auc	ction			Required	Sold		riod*		Auction			Required	Sold
27. (1	3.6337	ln ·	3.6337	In.	3.5337	ln ·	3.5337	3.6337	3.6337	ln:	3.6337	ъ.	3.6337	ln.	3 6337	3.6337		rip)	3.6337	ъ.	3.6337	ln:	3.6337	3.6337		trip)		my In .	200	, In.	MW	2.6337
Month		Price	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	MW	MW	Price		Price	MW	Price	MW	MW	MW		MW	Price	MW		MW	MW	MW	Price	M	IW Price	MV	V Price	MW	MW
Nov-03	2,163.2	\$1.2 \$1.2	2,128.8 1,860.1	\$1.2	6,833.0 7,203.1	\$1.9	35,203.4 35,203.4	2,566.9 2,698.6	475.0 475.0	\$6.6	579.3 909.4	\$6.7	5,029.3 4,711.0	\$7.0 \$7.0	8,346.1 8,346.1	571.0 571.0	0.0	\$4.0 \$4.0	0.0		114.3	\$8.1 \$8.2	4,401.9 4,401.9	83.7 76.9								
Dec-03 Jan-04	2,163.2	\$1.2	2,083.6	\$1.5 \$1.5	6,972.2	\$1.8 \$1.8	35,203.4	2,732.1	475.0	\$6.6 \$6.6	968.9	\$6.6 \$6.6	4,711.0	\$7.0	8,346.1	571.0	0.0	\$4.0	0.0		128.2		4,401.9	97.0								
Feb-04	2,163.2	\$1.2	2,475.9	\$1.6	6,379.9	\$1.7	35,203.4	2,747.4	475.0	\$6.6	2,167.5	\$6.8	3,422.4	\$7.0	8,346.1	571.0	0.0	\$4.0	0.6	\$7.5	202.6	\$7.1	4,401.9	176.0								
Mar-04	2,163.2	\$1.2	2,180.0	\$1.5	6,569.8	\$1.0	35,203.4	3,369.3	475.0	\$6.6	1,938.0	\$6.1	3,841.5	\$7.0	8,346.1	571.0	0.0	\$4.0	0.6	\$7.0	142.6	\$7.7	4,401.9	119.9								
Apr-04	2,163.2	\$1.2	2,646.7	\$1.0	6,987.5	\$0.8	35,203.4	3,543.8	475.0	\$6.6	2.047.2	\$6.0	3,779.1	\$7.0	8,346.1	571.0	0.0	\$4.0	0.6	\$6.9	199.0	\$7.0	4.401.9	179.7								
May-04	2,441.0	\$1.7	2,489.7	\$1.7	6,189.1	\$1.3	35,584.5	3,328.0	1,245.3	\$11.2	2,022.4	\$11.2	2,898.3	\$11.4	8,444.6	214.9	11.2	\$8.0	1.6	\$8.0	97.5	\$9.8	4,761.5	81.2								
Jun-04	2,441.0	\$1.7	2,133.6	\$1.5	6,239,9	\$1.3	35,584.5	3,355,3	1,245,3	\$11.2	2,532.8	\$11.3	2,391.9	\$11.4	8,444.6	214.9	11.2	\$8.0	11.2	\$9.3	90.8	\$9.8	4,761.5	84.3								
Jul-04	2,441.0	\$1.7	1,756.7	\$1.3	6,410.6	\$1.0	35,584.5	3,518.8	1,245.3	\$11.2	2,705.7	\$11.3	2,261.3	\$11.4	8,444.6	214.9	11.2	\$8.0	15.9	\$8.7	193.4	\$8.4	4,761.5	192.9								
Aug-04	2,441.0	\$1.7	2,046.5	\$1.2	6,544.7	\$1.2	35,584.5	3,428.1	1,245.3	\$11.2	3,126.1	\$11.3	1,854.4	\$11.4	8,444.6	214.9	11.2	\$8.0	16.4	\$8.1	213.1	\$8.2	4,761.5	213.1								
Sep-04	2,441.0	\$1.7	2,258.8	\$1.2	6,456.2	\$1.1	35,584.5	3,499.6	1,245.3	\$11.2	3,272.4	\$11.3	1,798.6	\$11.4	8,444.6	214.9	11.2	\$8.0	16.2	\$8.1	214.2	\$8.2	4,761.5	214.2								
Oct-04	2,441.0	\$1.7	2,460.8	\$1.2	6,633.9	\$1.1	35,584.5	3,465.6	1,245.3	\$11.2	2,771.9	\$11.2	2,336.3	\$11.4	8,444.6	214.9	11.2	\$8.0	16.2	\$8.1	214.2	\$8.2	4,761.5	214.2								
Nov-04	3,050.7	\$0.6	2,344.4	\$0.7	6,730.6	\$0.7	35,515.9	3,759.3	2,249.4	\$6.7	1,253.8	\$7.0	3,137.5	\$7.1	8,469.5	705.9	13.9	\$4.0	10.9	\$4.0	358.2	\$6.3	4,736.0	357.7								
Dec-04	3,050.7	\$0.6	3,058.4	\$0.7	6,011.5	\$0.6	35,515.9	3,823.5	2,249.4	\$6.7	1,606.0	\$7.1	2,758.3	\$7.1	8,469.5	705.9	13.9	\$4.0	9.0	\$4.3	368.5	\$6.2	4,736.0	367.6								
Jan-05	3,050.7	\$0.6	2,945.8	\$0.6	5,928.6	\$0.3	35,515.9	4,064.8	2,249.4	\$6.7	2,433.6	\$7.0	1,919.3	\$7.1	8,469.5	705.9	13.9	\$4.0	9.0	\$3.8	372.1	\$6.2	4,736.0	371.4								
Feb-05	3,050.7	\$0.6	2,769.6	\$0.5	6,256.2	\$0.3	35,515.9	4,082.2	2,249.4	\$6.7	2,596.5	\$7.0	1,761.5	\$7.1	8,469.5	705.9	13.9	\$4.0	7.6	\$3.7	373.3	\$6.1	4,736.0	372.8								
Mar-05	3,050.7	\$0.6	2,890.9	\$0.5	6,025.4	\$0.4	35,515.9	3,966.2	2,249.4	\$6.7	2,671.8	\$7.0	1,784.0	\$7.1	8,469.5	705.9	13.9	\$4.0	7.0	\$3.5	371.9	\$6.2	4,736.0	371.9								
Apr-05	3,050.7	\$0.6	2,891.5	\$0.5	6,241.1	\$0.3	35,515.9	4,064.8	2,249.4	\$6.7	2,611.4	\$7.0	1,851.9	\$7.1	8,469.5	705.9	13.9	\$4.0	7.0	\$3.5	367.4	\$6.2	4,736.0	365.8								
May-05	2,624.6	\$0.8	1,630.0	\$0.8	6,975.7	\$2.0	35,799.2	3,110.8	2,547.2	\$11.7	1,035.2	\$11.9	2,547.1	\$12.0	8,526.8	284.0	10.6	\$8.0	2.7	\$8.0	85.5	\$12.2	4,904.9	85.4								
Jun-05	2,624.6	\$0.8	1,752.9	\$1.4	6,306.6	\$2.0	35,799.2	3,135.2	2,547.2	\$11.7	2,657.9	\$11.8	974.2	\$12.0	8,526.8	291.3	10.6	\$8.0	2.0	\$8.5	100.4	\$12.0	4,904.9	97.8								
Jul-05	2,624.6	\$0.8	4,077.8	\$1.3	5,073.3	\$1.0	35,799.2	3,703.4	2,547.2	\$11.7	2,742.6	\$11.8	992.5	\$12.0	8,526.8	292.5	10.6	\$8.0	4.3	\$9.0	195.3	\$10.5	4,904.9	195.0								
Aug-05	2,624.6	\$0.8	3,819.1	\$0.8	5,147.3	\$1.0	35,799.2	3,703.4	2,547.2	\$11.7	2,689.7	\$11.8	1,134.8	\$11.9	8,526.8	301.6	10.6	\$8.0	4.6	\$8.5	222.5	\$10.1	4,904.9	222.5								
Sep-05	2,624.6	\$0.8	3,412.5	\$0.8	5,303.5	\$1.5	35,799.2	3,436.7	2,547.2	\$11.7	2,842.0	\$11.8	1,086.6	\$11.7	8,526.8	318.2	10.6	\$8.0	4.6	\$8.6	233.0		4,904.9	233.0								
Oct-05	2,624.6	\$0.8	3,861.2	\$1.0	5,142.0	\$1.3	35,799.2	3,555.2	2,547.2	\$11.7	2,644.5	\$11.8	1,238.1	\$11.9	8,526.8	301.6	10.6	\$8.0	4.6	\$8.7	260.0	\$9.5	4,904.9	260.0								
Nov-05	2,987.1	\$0.6	2,676.1	\$0.7	6,661.9	\$0.9	35,761.5	3,789.0	1,846.4	\$5.1	943.9	\$6.4	3,865.4	\$6.6	8,569.2	854.3	15.0	\$0.7	10.0	\$5.0	330.5	\$8.4	4,962.4	330.5								
Dec-05	2,987.1	\$0.6	3,466.7	\$0.7	6,306.0	\$0.7	35,761.5	3,907.2	1,846.4	\$5.1	2,130.4	\$6.4	2,674.7	\$6.6	8,569.2	854.3	15.0	\$0.7	10.1	\$5.0	344.5	\$8.2	4,962.4	344.5								
Jan-06	2,987.1	\$0.6	3,966.1	\$0.6	5,625.3	\$2.0	35,761.5	3,102.5	1,846.4	\$5.1	2,558.2	\$6.2	2,116.6	\$6.6	8,569.2	854.3	15.0	\$0.7	10.0	\$5.0	288.1	\$9.0	4,962.4	288.1								
Feb-06	2,987.1	\$0.6	3,379.8	\$1.0	6,432.7	\$1.7	35,761.5	3,305.2	1,846.4	\$5.1	3,162.5	\$5.8	2,037.4	\$6.6	8,569.2	854.3	15.0	\$0.7	10.0	\$5.0	343.1	\$8.2	4,962.4	343.1								
Mar-06	2,987.1	\$0.6	5,214.9 4,899.7	\$0.6 \$0.5	5,234.1 5,357.5	\$0.6 \$0.4	35,761.5 35,761.5	3,954.5 4,055.0	1,846.4	\$5.1 \$5.1	2,704.7 3,237.1	\$5.8 \$5.9	2,031.7 1,540.4	\$6.6	8,569.2 8,569.2	854.3 854.3	15.0	\$0.7 \$0.7	10.0	\$5.0 \$5.0	350.8 346.1	\$8.1 \$8.1	4,962.4 4,962.4	350.8 346.1								
Apr-06 May-06 *	2,987.1	\$0.6				+ +								\$6.6			15.0			-												
Jun-06	3,014.5	\$1.4 \$1.4	2,196.7 2,123.1	\$1.6 \$2.6	6,936.8 6,163.0	\$3.3 \$3.1	37,154.2 37,154.2	2,526.4 2,601.6	2,186.7 2,186.7	\$12.4 \$12.4	1,422.7 1,088.8	\$12.4 \$12.4	2,209.8 2,165.3	\$12.7 \$12.7	8,798.1 8,798.1	255.9 255.9	4.0	\$6.5 \$6.5	9.0	\$6.5 \$7.5	166.8 469.3	\$11.2 \$6.8	5,110.3 5,110.3	165.0 462.5								
Jun-06 Jul-06	3,014.5	\$1.4	1,926.2	\$2.0	5,901.1	\$3.3	37,154.2	2,481.4	2,186.7	\$12.4	1,088.8	\$12.4	1,909.6	\$12.7	8,798.1	255.9	4.0	\$6.5	3.0	\$7.0	483.0	\$6.5	5,110.3	462.5								
Aug-06	3,014.5	\$1.4	2,170.6	\$3.3	5,488.5	\$3.0	37,154.2	2,675.1	2,186.7	\$12.4	930.5	\$12.5	1,870.7	\$12.7	8,798.1	255.9	4.0	\$6.5	3.0	\$6.8	497.2	\$6.3	5,110.3	493.0								
Sep-06	3,014.5	\$1.4	2,213.1	\$3.0	5,087.8	\$2.8	37,154.2	2,295.3	2,186.7	\$12.4	847.6	\$12.6	1,953.5	\$12.7	8,798.1	255.9	4.0	\$6.5	4.6	\$6.5	503.4	\$6.2	5,110.3	500.8								
Oct-06	3,014.5		1,990.0	\$2.8	5,368.3	\$2.8	37,154.2	2,814.8	2,186.7	\$12.4	818.3	\$12.7	2,316.7	\$12.7	8,798.1	255.9	4.0	\$6.5	7.2	\$6.0	513.6	\$6.0	5,110.3	512.6								
Nov-06	3,167.7	\$2.5	3,170.9	\$1.8	7,454.7	\$1.5	37,319.2	3,577.8	3,298.4	\$5.7	1,023.5	\$5.8	2,057.8	\$5.8	8,831.5	974.8	1.5	\$3.5	9.6	\$3.8	672.0	\$3.7	5,072.2	669.4								
Dec-06	3,167.7	\$2.5	2,020.2	\$2.3	7,841.7	\$2.2	37,319.2	3,170.5	3,298.4	\$5.7	1,015.1	\$5.8	2,018.8	\$5.8	8,831.5	974.8	1.5	\$3.5	11.0	\$3.5	670.6	\$3.7	5,072.2	669.7								
Jan-07	3,167.7	\$2.5	1,932.7	\$2.5	7,780.6	\$2.7	37,319.2	2,853.4	3,298.4	\$5.7	1,064.4	\$5.8	1,973.8	\$5.8	8,831.5	974.8	1.5	\$3.5	13.0	\$3.5	673.0	\$3.6	5,072.2	672.9								
Feb-07	3,167.7	\$2.5	2,012.1	\$2.6	7,029.1	\$2.7	37,319.2	2,876.6	3,298.4	\$5.7	954.8	\$5.8	2,144.0	\$5.8	8,831.5	974.8	1.5	\$3.5	13.0	\$3.5	672.3	\$3.6	5,072.2	672.3								
Mar-07	3,167.7	\$2.5	2,691.5	\$1.7	5,932.2	\$1.3	37,319.2	3,673.8	3,298.4	\$5.7	922.4	\$5.8	2,008.8	\$5.8	8,831.5	974.8	1.5	\$3.5	13.0	\$3.5	672.3	\$3.6	5,072.2	672.3								
Apr-07	3,167.7	\$2.5	1,921.9	\$1.3	5,912.0	\$1.1	37,319.2	3,817.9	3,298.4	\$5.7	990.0	\$5.8	1,971.6	\$5.8	8,831.5	974.8	1.5	\$3.5	13.0	\$3.3	672.3	\$3.6	5,072.2	672.3								
May-07	3,196.6	\$2.3	2,610.6	\$2.4	6,283.6	\$3.2	37,228.3	2,618.7	1,894.0	\$12.4	1,099.1	\$12.3	3,125.4	\$12.7	9,058.3	281.1	2.2	\$3.8	3.0	\$3.8	450.3	\$7.3	5,056.3	450.2								
Jun-07	3,196.6	\$2.3	2,416.8	\$2.9	5,876.5	\$3.4	37,228.3	2,485.6	1,894.0	\$12.4	1,194.4	\$12.4	2,951.5	\$12.7	9,058.3	281.1	2.2	\$3.8	3.0	\$5.5	353.1	\$8.8	5,056.3	353.1								
Jul-07	3,196.6	\$2.3	2,379.3	\$3.2	5,749.7	\$3.5	37,228.3	2,407.6	1,894.0	\$12.4	1,088.3	\$12.4	3,073.0	\$12.7	9,058.3	281.1	2.2	\$3.8	0.0	\$0.0	451.5	\$7.2	5,056.3	451.4								
Aug-07	3,196.6	\$2.3	2,408.3	\$3.2	5,334.6	\$3.4	37,228.3	2,462.4	1,894.0	\$12.4	1,092.6	\$12.4	3,153.8	\$12.7	9,058.3	281.1	2.2	\$3.8	1.0	\$5.5	454.0	\$7.2	5,056.3	452.0								
Sep-07	3,196.6	\$2.3	2,434.9	\$3.2	5,513.6	\$3.1	37,228.3	2,631.6	1,894.0	\$12.4	1,161.0	\$12.4	3,037.9	\$12.7	9,058.3	281.1	2.2	\$3.8	1.3	\$5.5	455.6	\$7.2	5,056.3	455.5								
Oct-07	3,196.6	\$2.3	2,523.5	\$3.0	5,503.1	\$3.0	37,228.3	2,698.2	1,894.0	\$12.4	1,251.1	\$12.4	2,942.8	\$12.7	9,058.3	281.1	2.2	\$3.8	1.4	\$5.5	455.7	\$7.2	5,056.3	455.7								
				•																	•				•							

<sup>\*</sup> Starting May 2006, Monthly Auction prices and quantities are reported for the upcoming auction month only

					NYCA								NYC								LI							G-I	Local	itv		
	Capab	oility	Mon	thly	Spot M	arket	Minimum	Excess	Capal	bility	Mon	hly	Spot M	larket	Minimum	Excess	Cap	ability	Mon	nthly		Market	Minimum	Excess	Cap	ability	1	Monthly		t Market	Minimum	Excess
	Period*	(Strip)	Auc	tion			Required	Sold	Period*	(Strip)	Auct	ion			Required	Sold		riod*	Aud	ction			Required	Sold		riod*		Auction			Required	Sold
Month	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	MW	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	MW		trip) Price	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	MW		Strip) Price	M	W Price	MV	V Price	MW	MW
Nov-07	3,064.4	\$1.9	2,586.1	\$1.9	9,045.5	\$1.6	36,819.2	3,503.7	908.2	\$5.3	1,393.5	\$5.6	4,438.1	\$5.8	8,870.8	1,009.5		\$0.0	2.0	\$3.5	631.5	_	4,972.5	630.6	141 44	Titte	141	THE THE	171 7	11100	141 44	171 77
Dec-07	3,064.4	\$1.9	2,134.9	\$2.0	8,009.1	\$2.2	36,819.2	3,149.2	908.2	\$5.3	1,532.1	\$5.6	4,067.3	\$5.8	8,870.8	1,009.5	0.0	\$0.0	0.0	\$0.0	635.9	\$4.3	4,972.5	633.0								
Jan-08	3,064.4	\$1.9	2,324.2	\$2.4	7,053.4	\$3.4	36,819.2	2,477.3	908.2	\$5.3	1,149.7	\$5.6	4,662.5	\$5.8	8,870.8	1,009.5	0.0	\$0.0	1.9	\$3.7	640.3		4,972.5	637.4								
Feb-08	3,064.4	\$1.9	1,553.9	\$3.0	6,848.0	\$3.2	36,819.2	2,602.7	908.2	\$5.3	1,342.9	\$5.6	4,442.2	\$5.8	8,870.8	1,009.5	0.0	\$0.0	7.2	\$3.0	645.1	\$4.1	4,972.5	645.1								
Mar-08	3,064.4		3,409.4	\$1.5	8,288.3	\$1.1	36,819.2	3,818.1	908.2	\$5.3	1,573.3	\$3.6	3,348.7	\$1.1	8,870.8	1,494.9	_	\$0.0	2.8	\$2.1	648.5		4,972.5	648.5								
Apr-08	3,064.4		2,511.1	\$1.1	7,759.5	\$0.8	36,819.2	3,989.6	908.2	\$5.3	1,245.5	\$1.1	2,964.9	\$0.8	8,870.8	1,591.6	0.0	\$0.0	2.8	\$2.1	648.8	\$4.0	4,972.5	648.8								
May-08	2,994.7	\$2.7	1,851.8	\$2.8	8,294.8	\$2.6	36,632.5	3,080.6	494.9	\$6.5	903.4	\$6.5	4,987.2	\$5.5	8,910.6	985.9	0.0	\$2.8	21.8	\$2.8	652.1	\$2.6	4,684.9	650.8								
Jun-08	2,994.7	\$2.7	1,909.8	\$2.9	7,684.7	\$2.9	36,632.5	2,909.9	494.9	\$6.5	1,620.2	\$5.4	3,745.8	\$6.0	8,910.6	930.1	0.0	\$2.8	110.5	\$2.9	644.9	\$2.9	4,684.9	583.3								
Jul-08	2,994.7	\$2.7	1,609.2	\$3.0	8,324.1	\$2.8	36,632.5	2,981.6	494.9	\$6.5	744.5	\$6.0	3,758.3	\$6.3	8,910.6	896.9	0.0	\$2.8	128.2	\$3.0	653.4	\$2.8	4,684.9	650.8								
Aug-08	2,994.7	\$2.7	1,854.4	\$2.9	7,451.6	\$2.7	36,632.5	3,030.1	494.9	\$6.5	1,157.8	\$6.3	3,349.2	\$6.2	8,910.6	914.8	0.0	\$2.8	87.1	\$2.9	657.4	\$2.7	4,684.9	656.3								
Sep-08	2,994.7	\$2.7	2,350.0	\$2.7	6,766.6	\$2.5	36,632.5	3,156.4	494.9	\$6.5	1,083.2	\$6.0	3,083.4	\$6.0	8,910.6	935.7	0.0	\$2.8	13.0	\$2.7	659.4	\$2.5	4,684.9	658.9								
Oct-08	2,994.7	\$2.7	2,029.6	\$2.4	6,944.8	\$1.9	36,632.5	3,418.3	494.9	\$6.5	604.4	\$5.9	3,230.1	\$5.8	8,910.6	951.9	0.0	\$2.8	7.9	\$2.4	668.7	\$1.9	4,684.9	668.7								
Nov-08	2,810.1	\$1.8	2,596.0	\$1.6	9,114.6	\$1.0	36,492.6	3,877.5	1,260.8	\$2.8	1,378.2	\$2.3	3,974.3	\$1.5	9,003.4	1,447.1	0.3	\$1.8	1.8	\$1.6	772.8		4,566.1	772.6								
Dec-08	2,810.1	\$1.8	1,663.3	\$1.5	9,113.9	\$1.3	36,492.6	3,752.1	1,260.8	\$2.8	616.1	\$1.6	4,186.0	\$1.3	9,003.4	1,558.1	0.3	\$1.8	10.0	\$1.5	802.4	\$1.3	4,566.1	802.2								
Jan-09	2,810.1	\$1.8	2,027.2	\$1.5	8,448.2	\$3.2	36,492.6	2,779.0	1,260.8	\$2.8	846.5	\$1.5	4,151.0	\$3.2	9,003.4	1,579.9	0.3	\$1.8	147.9	\$1.5	847.0	\$3.2	4,566.1	733.9								
Feb-09	2,810.1	\$1.8	2,435.3	\$2.5	8,250.3	\$1.8	36,492.6	3,492.1	1,260.8	\$2.8	1,021.1	\$3.1	3,729.9	\$1.8	9,003.4	1,592.0	_	\$1.8	66.4	\$2.5	821.1	\$1.8	4,566.1	820.9								
Mar-09	2,810.1	\$1.8	2,083.6	\$1.1	8,190.4	\$0.5	36,492.6	4,128.2	1,260.8	\$2.8	849.6	\$1.5	3,622.8	\$0.5	9,003.4	1,592.0	_	\$1.8	97.0	\$1.1	849.1	\$0.5	4,566.1	816.9								
Apr-09	2,810.1	\$1.8	1,759.7	\$0.5	8,257.2	\$0.3	36,492.6	4,228.6	1,260.8	\$2.8	588.0	\$0.8	3,755.6	\$0.3	9,003.4	1,586.6	_	\$1.8	25.4	\$0.5	821.1	\$0.3	4,566.1	820.9								
May-09	2,371.1	\$3.0 \$3.0	2,500.2 2,187.7	\$3.0 \$3.5	8,492.0 8,675.3	\$2.6 \$4.2	36,362.4 36,362.4	3,216.7 2,505.4	436.7	\$6.8 \$6.8	757.9 1,447.7	\$7.0 \$8.6	4,976.3 3,854.3	\$8.7 \$8.7	8,855.3 8,855.3	707.3 714.2	53.3	\$3.0 \$3.0	69.5 41.5	\$3.0 \$3.5	414.8	\$4.7 \$4.7	4,748.5 4,748.5	410.4								
Jun-09 Jul-09	2,371.1		3,207.0	\$4.1	7,495.4	\$4.4	36,362.4	2,420.6		<del> </del>	1,447.7	\$8.7	2,930,4	\$8.7	8,855.3	732.7	53.3	\$3.0	_	\$4.1	404.9		4,748.5	404.8								
Aug-09	2,371.1	\$3.0 \$3.0	3,172.4	\$4.1	7,242.4	\$3.4	36,362.4	2,420.0	436.7	\$6.8 \$6.8	1,023.8	\$8.5	2,960.2	\$8.5	8,855.3	735.1	53.3	\$3.0	70.6 67.6	\$4.1	717.8	\$3.4	4,748.5	717.8								
Sep-09	2,371.1	\$3.0	2,719.7	\$3.5	7,242.4	\$2.8	36,362.4	3,147.7	436.7	\$6.8	795.5	\$8.4	3,403.2	\$7.7	8,855.3	816.4	53.3	\$3.0	68.2	\$3.5	742.9	\$2.8	4,748.5	738.9								
Oct-09	2,371.1	\$3.0	2,763.7	\$2.6	7,087.7	\$2.2	36,362.4	3,380.5	436.7	\$6.8	1,095.1	\$7.6	2,926.6	\$7.7	8,855.3	811.1	53.3	\$3.0	20.4	\$2.6	749.3		4,748.5	743.1								
Nov-09	3,201.1	\$1.8	3,044.6	\$1.6		\$0.5	35,785.3	4,081.4	825.2	\$4.7	2,274.7	\$1.9	3,124.0	\$1.2	8,551.6	1,422.3	_	\$1.8	31.0	\$1.6	843.5		4,685.0	843.3								
Dec-09	3,201.1	\$1.8	2,665.9	\$1.3	8,472.6	\$0.8	35,785.3	3,976.7	825.2	\$4.7	498.5	\$1.7	3,607.0	\$0.8	8,551.6	1,467.4	35.0	\$1.8	113.1	\$1.3	875.3	\$0.8	4,685.0	842.3								
Jan-10	3,201.1	\$1.8	2,392.3	\$1.6	8,871.7	\$1.9	35,785.3	3,505.4	825.2	\$4.7	485.5	\$1.8	4,257.0	\$1.9	8,551.6	1,497.1	35.0	\$1.8	82.0	\$1.6	843.4	\$1.9	4,685.0	843.3								
Feb-10	3,201.1	\$1.8	2,672.5	\$2.6	8,406.4	\$3.5	35,785.3	2,810.0	825.2	\$4.7	506.1	\$6.4	4,240.3	\$8.0	8,551.6	782.0	35.0	\$1.8	82.3	\$2.6	843.3	\$3.5	4,685.0	843.3								
Mar-10	3,201.1	\$1.8	2,770.9	\$1.6	8,211.1	\$0.9	35,785.3	3,933.4	825.2	\$4.7	1,152.4	\$7.5	3,472.0	\$7.7	8,551.6	807.3	35.0	\$1.8	17.5	\$1.6	843.3	\$0.9	4,685.0	843.3								
Apr-10	3,201.1	\$1.8	2,484.4	\$0.7	8,399.0	\$0.6	35,785.3	4,021.8	825.2	\$4.7	945.5	\$7.5	3,468.4	\$7.2	8,551.6	860.1	35.0	\$1.8	79.5	\$0.7	855.4	\$0.6	4,685.0	843.3								
May-10	2,868.1	\$2.5	4,462.0	\$2.7	7,827.0	\$3.5	35,045.3	2,860.2	1,096.8	\$12.9	335.7	\$13.3	4,004.2	\$13.5	8,336.0	372.0	26.2	\$2.5	16.8	\$2.7	354.8	\$5.8	4,901.0	354.0								
Jun-10	2,868.1	\$2.5	3,439.9	\$2.8	8,863.7	\$2.1	35,045.3	3,396.5	1,096.8	\$12.9	1,451.5	\$13.4	2,571.5	\$13.1	8,336.0	403.6	26.2	\$2.5	54.7	\$2.8	829.0	\$2.1	5,021.0	829.0								
Jul-10	2,868.1	\$2.5	2,413.8	\$2.0	8,617.7	\$1.9	35,045.3	3,475.3	1,096.8	\$12.9	836.2	\$13.0	2,797.1	\$13.1	8,336.0	412.1	26.2	\$2.5	85.7	\$2.0	816.9	\$1.9	5,021.0	816.9								
Aug-10	2,868.1	\$2.5	2,062.7	\$1.8	8,123.1	\$1.7	35,045.3	3,563.7	1,096.8	\$12.9	650.2	\$13.0	3,025.4	\$13.0	8,336.0	418.7	26.2	\$2.5	22.1	\$1.8	851.2	\$1.7	5,021.0	851.2								
Sep-10	2,868.1	\$2.5	2,444.2	\$1.0	7,993.5	\$0.6	35,045.3	3,964.3	1,096.8	\$12.9	992.0	\$12.9	2,799.0	\$12.5	8,336.0	457.8	26.2	\$2.5	8.4	\$1.0	865.9	\$0.6	5,021.0	865.9								
Oct-10	2,868.1	\$2.5	2,283.5	\$0.5	8,165.3	\$0.5	35,045.3	4,022.9	1,096.8	\$12.9	882.1	\$12.5	2,838.5	\$12.7	8,336.0	439.2	26.2	\$2.5	25.7	\$0.5	851.8	\$0.6	5,021.0	851.8								
Nov-10	2,820.1		4,179.3	\$0.3	9,383.4	\$0.0	35,832.5	4,295.9	1,109.8	\$4.6	829.9	\$4.8	4,571.0	\$4.3	8,737.5	1,179.5	_	\$0.4	6.1	\$0.3	913.4		5,073.8	913.3								
Dec-10	2,820.1	\$0.4	3,352.0	\$0.1	8,433.9	\$0.5	35,832.5	4,100.2	1,109.8	\$4.6	1,620.7	\$4.3	3,389.7	\$3.7	8,737.5	1,237.6	_	\$0.4	17.7	\$0.1	915.8	\$0.5	5,073.8	913.3								
Jan-11	2,820.1	\$0.4	2,719.8	\$0.7	9,786.2	\$0.5	35,832.5	4,100.2	1,109.8	\$4.6	1,154.6	\$3.7	3,135.3	\$4.0	8,737.5	1,207.6	1.2	\$0.4	47.1	\$0.7	913.3	\$0.5	5,073.8	913.3								
Feb-11	2,820.1 2,820.1	\$0.4 \$0.4	2,639.8	\$0.5	8,839.8 8,199.3	\$0.7	35,832.5 35,832.5	4,040.0 4,180.1	1,109.8	\$4.6 \$4.6	736.7 801.5	\$4.3 \$4.0	3,516.2 4,231.1	\$3.6 \$3.6	8,737.5	1,245.8	1.2	\$0.4 \$0.4	76.7 75.9	\$0.5 \$0.2	913.3 926.6	\$0.7 \$0.3	5,073.8 5,073.8	913.3 913.3								
Mar-11 Apr-11	2,820.1	\$0.4	2,389.0	\$0.2 \$0.2	8,199.3	\$0.3 \$0.2	35,832.5	4,180.1	1,109.8	\$4.6	801.5	\$4.0	4,231.1 3,509.6	\$3.6	8,737.5 8,737.5	1,246.0	1.2	\$0.4	75.9 85.7	\$0.2	918.4	\$0.3	5,073.8	913.3								
May-11	3,515.9	\$0.4	3,416.9	\$0.2	7,530.4	\$0.2	34,684.4	3,911.1	726.5	\$13.5	1,663.8	\$13.2	3,354.4	\$12.0	8,832.0	462.4	1.2	\$0.4	60.4	\$0.2	895.3	\$0.2	5,073.8	895.3								
Jun-11	3,515.9	\$0.6	2,876.9	\$0.6	7,382.8	\$0.7	34,684.4	3,948.7	726.5	\$13.5	1,661.7	\$12.0	2,896.2	\$11.8	8,832.0	482.3	1.2	\$0.6	60.4	\$0.6	904.5	\$0.7	5,051.7	904.5								
Jul-11	3,515.9	\$0.6	2,535.2	\$0.5	7,562.7	\$0.0	34,684.4	4,104.2	726.5	\$13.5	1,254.1	\$11.8	3,301.5	\$5.8	8,832.0	1,046.9	_	\$0.6	35.6	\$0.5	906.1	\$0.0	5,051.7	904.5								
Aug-11	3,515.9	\$0.6	2,426.5	\$0.2	7,786.3	\$0.2	34,684.4	4,142.8	726.5	\$13.5	834.6	\$9.5	3,361.6	\$5.8	8,832.0	1,040.8	1.2	\$0.6	32.5	\$0.2	910.8	\$0.2	5,051.7	908.3								
Sep-11	3,515.9	\$0.6	2,204.9	\$0.1	7,936.4	\$0.2	34,684.4	4,093.1	726.5	\$13.5	691.3	\$7.0	3,680.6	\$5.7	8,832.0	1,052.3	1.2	\$0.6	58.5	\$0.1	892.1	\$0.2	5,051.7	890.0								
Oct-11	3,515.9	\$0.6	2,135.9	\$0.1	7,384.2	\$0.1	34,684.4	4,105.9	726.5	\$13.5	646.0	\$6.5	3,511.6	\$9.0	8,832.0	883.0	1.2	\$0.6	61.8	\$0.1	900.9	\$0.1	5,051.7	900.9								
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<sup>\*</sup> Starting May 2006, Monthly Auction prices and quantities are reported for the upcoming auction month only

		Capability Monthly Spot Market iod* (Strip) Auction										NYC								LI							G-J	Locality	1			
	-				Spot M	arket	Minimum	Excess	Capa		Mon		Spot M	larket	Minimum	Excess	_	bility		nthly	Spot !	Market	Minimum	Excess	_	bility	Mor		Spot M	Iarket		
	Period*	(Strip)	Auci	non			Required	Sold	Period*	(Strip)	Auc	ion			Required	Sold		iod* rip)	Auc	ction			Required	Sold		iod* rip)	Auc	tion			Required	Sold
Month	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	MW	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	MW	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	MW	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	Price	MW	MW
Nov-11	2,008.0	\$0.2	4,091.0	\$0.1	9,356.7	\$0.1	34,778.9	4,147.4	1,031.2	\$2.7	1,089.8	\$3.0	4,279.6	\$0.5	8,833.0	1,550.7	3.6	\$0.2	49.7	\$0.1	900.7	\$0.1	4,989.3	898.1								
Dec-11	2,008.0	\$0.2	4,005.3	\$0.1	8,957.9	\$0.1	34,778.9	4,130.0	1,031.2	\$2.7	763.1	\$2.0	3,767.2	\$4.7	8,833.0	1,222.5	3.6	\$0.2	48.2	\$0.1	902.3	\$0.1	4,989.3	898.1								
Jan-12	2,008.0	\$0.2	4,285.4	\$0.2	9,381.7	\$0.5	34,778.9	3,956.1	1,031.2	\$2.7	647.3	\$4.0	3,886.5	\$4.9	8,833.0	1,205.0	3.6	\$0.2	29.1	\$0.2	923.7	\$0.5	4,989.3	898.1								
Feb-12	2,008.0	\$0.2	3,796.3	\$0.4	9,173.5	\$0.2	34,778.9	4,095.2	1,031.2	\$2.7	1,020.3	\$4.8	3,172.1	\$4.9	8,833.0	1,208.1	3.6	\$0.2	24.2	\$0.4	900.4	\$0.2	4,989.3	898.1								
Mar-12	2,008.0	\$0.2	3,624.5	\$0.1	8,976.3	\$0.1	34,778.9	4,130.0	1,031.2	\$2.7	988.5	\$4.3	2,991.7	\$4.7	8,833.0	1,221.0	3.6	\$0.2	0.6	\$0.1	922.2	\$0.1	4,989.3	898.1								
Apr-12	2,008.0	\$0.2	3,795.0	\$0.1	8,961.0	\$0.1	34,778.9	4,130.0	1,031.2	\$2.7	967.6	\$4.5	2,958.9	\$4.6	8,833.0	1,228.5	3.6	\$0.2	6.6	\$0.1	921.4	\$0.1	4,989.3	898.1								
May-12	2,421.3	\$1.3	3,682.7	\$1.3	9,194.6	\$2.9	35,076.3	2,970.8	530.8	\$11.7	1,335.1	\$12.3	3,028.7	\$17.2	8,896.9	288.8	2.5	\$1.4	12.9	\$1.3	877.2	\$2.9	4,961.1	873.5								
Jun-12	2,421.3	\$1.3	3,104.8	\$2.1	9,517.8	\$1.9	35,076.3	3,386.1	530.8	\$11.7	596.6	\$15.7	3,991.5	\$11.5	8,896.9	718.6	2.5	\$1.4	13.7	\$2.1	868.2	\$1.9	4,961.1	868.2								
Jul-12	2,421.3	\$1.3	3,784.3	\$1.5	8,423.9	\$2.0	35,076.3	3,367.3	530.8	\$11.7	1,074.6	\$11.9	3,397.6	\$11.0	8,896.9	763.7	2.5	\$1.4	4.5	\$1.5	609.3	\$3.6	4,961.1	608.7								
Aug-12	2,421.3	\$1.3	3,439.0	\$2.0	8,205.5	\$1.9	35,076.3	3,401.0	530.8	\$11.7	858.5	\$11.4	3,234.6	\$10.6	8,896.9	787.5	2.5	\$1.4	4.5	\$3.0	616.0	\$3.6	4,961.1	608.5								
Sep-12	2,421.3	\$1.3	3,536.1	\$2.3	9,023.0	\$2.4	35,076.3	3,190.1	530.8	\$11.7	572.9	\$10.7	3,230.1	\$10.5	8,896.9	800.4	2.5	\$1.4	13.9	\$3.5	606.8	\$3.6	4,961.1	606.8								
Oct-12	2,421.3	\$1.3	3,402.8	\$2.4	7,771.3	\$2.5	35,076.3	3,154.5	530.8	\$11.7	699.2	\$10.5	2,998.9	\$10.5	8,896.9	796.7	2.5	\$1.4	17.0	\$3.5	607.5	\$3.6	4,961.1	607.0								
Nov-12	1,815.7	\$0.8	4,428.8	\$0.5	11,660.7	\$0.7	35,852.6	3,988.0	275.1	\$4.5	1,093.6	\$3.0	4,579.7	\$3.4	9,057.3	1,364.4	28.4	\$2.3	0.4	\$0.5	877.1	\$0.7	4,959.4	876.7								
Dec-12	1,815.7	\$0.8	4,696.1	\$1.1	10,630.9	\$1.5	35,852.6	3,636.9	275.1	\$4.5	1,420.2	\$4.9	4,785.4	\$4.9	9,057.3	1,241.1	28.4	\$2.3	0.6	\$1.1	891.8	\$1.5	4,959.4	891.8								
Jan-13	1,815.7	\$0.8	5,452.4	\$2.0	9,874.2	\$3.5	35,852.6	2,756.2	275.1	\$4.5	2,202.4	\$4.9	3,851.5	\$4.9	9,057.3	1,241.1	28.4	\$2.3	7.7	\$2.0	891.8	\$3.5	4,959.4	891.8								
Feb-13	1,815.7	\$0.8	5,684.1	\$3.0	9,183.2	\$2.7	35,852.6	3,125.2	275.1	\$4.5	2,398.4	\$4.9	3,521.2	\$4.9	9,057.3	1,241.1	28.4	\$2.3	22.1	\$3.0	892.7	\$2.7	4,959.4	892.7								
Mar-13	1,815.7	\$0.8	6,064.9	\$2.2	9,420.3	\$2.1	35,852.6	3,372.6	275.1	\$4.5	2,350.1	\$4.9	3,641.7	\$4.9	9,057.3	1,241.1	28.4	\$2.3	1.4	\$2.2	892.7	\$2.1	4,959.4	892.7								
Apr-13	1,815.7	\$0.8	6,067.1	\$1.7	9,154.8	\$1.5	35,852.6	3,634.2	275.1	\$4.5	2,323.2	\$4.9	3,840.8	\$4.9	9,057.3	1,241.1	28.4	\$2.3	1.1	\$1.7	892.7	\$1.5	4,959.4	892.7								
May-13	2,635.9	\$4.2	2,898.7	\$4.5	8,112.9	\$5.8	35,466.8	1,817.2	953.1	\$14.8	931.1	\$15.5	4,065.1	\$16.3	9,325.0	378.0	40.5	\$7.2	10.2	\$6.0	342.0	\$7.2	5,394.3	340.3								
Jun-13	2,635.9	\$4.2	3,486.2	\$5.8	7,399.9	\$6.1	35,466.8	1,685.8	953.1	\$14.8	1,250.1	\$16.2	3,796.8	\$16.5	9,325.0	365.5	40.5	\$7.2	20.2	\$5.9	340.2	\$7.2	5,394.3	340.2								
Jul-13	2,635.9	\$4.2	3,908.6	\$5.8	7,043.3	\$5.8	35,466.8	1,804.3	953.1	\$14.8	1,447.0	\$16.3	3,553.8	\$16.1	9,325.0	393.6	40.5	\$7.2	34.8	\$6.1	341.4	\$7.2	5,394.3	341.4								
Aug-13	2,635.9	\$4.2	4,048.4	\$5.7	6,777.2	\$5.6	35,466.8	1,870.7	953.1	\$14.8	1,513.6	\$16.0	3,533.5	\$15.8	9,325.0	417.3	40.5	\$7.2	45.4	\$6.1	350.7	\$7.1	5,394.3	350.7								
Sep-13	2,635.9	\$4.2	4,160.1	\$5.5	6,498.4	\$5.6	35,466.8	1,877.0	953.1	\$14.8	1,107.0	\$15.7	3,923.9	\$15.7	9,325.0	428.3	40.5	\$7.2	51.4	\$6.0	354.7	\$7.0	5,394.3	354.7								
Oct-13	2,635.9	\$4.2	4,238.3	\$5.6	6,507.2	\$5.9	35,466.8	1,742.8	953.1	\$14.8	1,269.8	\$15.7	3,790.9	\$16.1	9,325.0	392.6	40.5	\$7.2	52.7	\$6.1	348.6	\$7.1	5,394.3	348.6								
Nov-13	2,157.7	\$2.6	3,116.4	\$2.2	11,895.7	\$2.1	35,700.4	3,401.7	431.1	\$7.5	533.0	\$7.9	5,503.5	\$10.0	9,222.2	878.4	30.6	\$4.0	9.4	\$3.1	729.9	\$2.7	5,363.6	728.9								
Dec-13	2,157.7	\$2.6	3,040.5	\$3.0	10,260.2	\$3.1	35,700.4	2,953.8	431.1	\$7.5	946.7	\$9.9	4,515.1	\$9.7	9,222.2	904.0	30.6	\$4.0	67.7	\$3.0	709.2	\$3.1	5,363.6	702.4								
Jan-14	2,157.7	\$2.6	3,873.3	\$3.9	9,173.5	\$4.6	35,700.4	2,322.5	431.1	\$7.5	1,273.9	\$9.6	4,274.1	\$9.6	9,222.2	908.1	30.6	\$4.0	73.6	\$3.9	729.0	\$4.6	5,363.6	729.0								
Feb-14	2,157.7	\$2.6	3,832.5	\$4.3	8,922.0	\$4.3	35,700.4	2,440.5	431.1	\$7.5	1,524.0	\$9.5	3,783.4	\$9.6	9,222.2	913.5	30.6	\$4.0	82.3	\$4.3	722.4	\$4.3	5,363.6	722.1								
Mar-14	2,157.7	\$2.6	4,472.5	\$3.0	8,925.2	\$2.9	35,700.4	3,058.5	431.1	\$7.5	1,749.2	\$9.5	3,592.2	\$9.7	9,222.2	901.0	30.6	\$4.0	26.8	\$3.0	742.7	\$2.9	5,363.6	742.7								
Apr-14	2,157.7	\$2.6	4,563.7	\$1.9	10,046.8	\$1.7	35,700.4	3,535.5	431.1	\$7.5	1,668.5	\$9.6	3,489.5	\$9.8	9,222.2	898.8	30.6	\$4.0	12.1	\$2.6	745.1	\$2.6	5,363.6	744.8								
May-14	2,147.9	\$5.2	2,467.4	\$5.5	6,600.9	\$6.7	35,812.4	1,345.3	655.3	\$16.2	516.9	\$16.5	4,645.8	\$18.8	9,470.5	68.4	10.7	\$6.4	40.5	\$6.2	298.5	\$6.7	5,430.5	249.0	476.1	\$10.0	435.4	\$10.3	2,384.8	\$12.4	13,494.9	81.8
Jun-14	2,147.9	\$5.2	2,995.1	\$6.6	6,458.0	\$6.2	35,812.4	1,549.9	655.3	\$16.2	1,239.6	\$18.7	3,383.6	\$18.8	9,470.5	67.8	10.7	\$6.4	51.4	\$6.7	290.0	\$6.4	5,430.5	247.4	476.1	\$10.0	996.6	\$12.2	1,775.2	\$12.4	13,494.9	86.0
Jul-14	2,147.9	\$5.2	3,817.3	\$6.2	5,920.2	\$6.1	35,812.4	1,598.6	655.3	\$16.2	1,608.1	\$18.7	3,082.1	\$18.7	9,470.5	81.2	10.7	\$6.4	61.6	\$6.4	287.8	\$6.5	5,430.5	245.2	476.1	\$10.0	1,150.8	\$12.3	1,611.1	\$12.3	13,494.9	90.5
Aug-14	2,147.9	\$5.2	3,830.9	\$6.0	6,594.8	\$5.8	35,812.4	1,734.3	655.3	\$16.2	1,816.1	\$18.5	2,887.8	\$18.6	9,470.5	92.5	10.7	\$6.4	63.6	\$6.4	281.9	\$6.5	5,430.5	244.3	476.1	\$10.0	1,148.7	\$12.3	1,643.1	\$12.3	13,494.9	101.3
Sep-14	2,147.9	\$5.2	3,849.7	\$5.8	6,334.4	\$5.6	35,812.4	1,819.9	655.3	\$16.2	1,956.9	\$18.4	2,937.9	\$18.2	9,470.5	125.9	10.7	\$6.4	66.5	\$6.4	288.7	\$6.5	5,430.5	244.3	476.1	\$10.0	1,339.2	\$12.1	1,650.9	\$12.0	13,494.9	135.3
Oct-14	2,147.9	\$5.2	4,460.5	\$5.5	7,060.7	\$5.4	35,812.4	1,915.8	655.3	\$16.2	1,955.7	\$18.2	3,051.0	\$17.9	9,470.5	146.3	10.7	\$6.4	102.0	\$6.4	275.0	\$6.5	5,430.5	239.4	476.1	\$10.0	1,319.7	\$11.9	1,813.8	\$11.6	13,494.9	197.1
	-,. (1.)	40.2	.,	Ψ3.3	7,000.7	Ψ2.¬	33,012.7	1,713.0	000.0	ψ10.2	1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ų.O.Z	5,051.0	411.7	>,	1.0.5	10.7	ΨΤ	102.0	φ0	2.5.0	ψ0.5	5,.50.5	207.7	., 0.1	Ψ.υ.υ	1,017.7	Ψ.1./	2,023.0	Ψ.1.0	10,474	.,

<sup>\*</sup> Starting May 2006, Monthly Auction prices and quantities are reported for the upcoming auction month only